Stock Code: 3583

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report 2022 and 2021

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SCIENTECH CORPORATION- Annual Report- IFRS Consolidated Financial Statements- 1

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

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Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Companies

Considering that the companies to be included into the consolidated financial statements of

affiliates under the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated

Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises " were the

same as those to be included into the consolidated financial statements of the parent and

subsidiaries under IFRS 10 in 2022 (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022) and the related

information to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates were already

disclosed in said consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries, no consolidated

financial statements of affiliates were prepared separately.

In witness thereof, the Declaration is hereby presented.

Company Name: SCIENTECH CORPORATION

Chairman of the Board: HUNG-LIANG HSIEH

March 10, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report

To SCIENTECH CORPORATION:

Audit opinion

We have audited the consolidated balance sheet of SCIENTECH CORPORATION and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group" hereinafter) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flow for the period from January 1 through December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements (including the summary of significant accounting policies).

In our opinion, the said consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC interpretations, and SIC interpretations that were approved and promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC), and thus presented fairly, in all material aspects, the consolidated financial position of The Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the period from January 1 through December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We were independent of The Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and fulfilled all other responsibilities thereunder. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters refer to, based on our professional judgment, the most important matters for auditing the Group's consolidated financial statements of 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these issues.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

Revenue recognition

The Group's 2022 operating revenue from manufacturing of machinery and from sale of machinery in the capacity of an agent is material to the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Revenue from machinery should be recognized upon the fulfillment of obligations. Since the company might recognize product sale revenue when such revenue does not qualify for the recognition criteria, revenue recognition is thus listed as the key audit matter.

Our main audit procedures to address the said matter included testing the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal control system pertaining to the recognition of machinery sale and discussing with the management about whether the accounting policy for revenue recognition is appropriate and consistently adopted; we also sampled customer sales documents to verify the transaction terms on the order or sale contract and check the acceptance certificate signed off by customers, so as to assess the correctness of the recognized revenue.

Other Matters

SCIENTECH CORPORATION has prepared the parent company only financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, for which we have issued an audit report containing an unqualified opinion for reference.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The management was responsible for fairly presenting these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC interpretations, and SIC interpretations that were approved and promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for maintaining the necessary internal control related to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements to ensure that these consolidated financial statements were free of material misstatements, whether due to fraud or errors.

During preparation of these consolidated financial statements, the management was also responsible for evaluating The Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing going

concern matters, and applying the going concern basis of accounting, unless the management intended either to liquidate The Group or to terminate its operations, or had no feasible alternatives but to do so.

The Group's governance body (including the Audit Committee) was responsible for supervising the financial reporting procedures.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists in these consolidated financial statements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also conduct the following tasks:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the

consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our

opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our

auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to

continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial

statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements

represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair

presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the

entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated

financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of

the audit for the Group. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the

planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant

deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with

relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all

relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and

where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those

matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Group's consolidated financial

statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We

describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure

about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not

be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably

be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte & Touche Taiwan

CPA: HUI-MIN HUANG

CPA: MING-HSIN CHO

Approval No. from the Financial **Supervisory Commission**

Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen-Zi No.1070323246

Approval No. from the Securities and Futures

Commission

Tai-Tsai-Cheng-Liu-Zi No. 0920123784

March 10, 2022

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | December 31, 2 | 2022 | December 31, 2 | 2021 |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Code | Assets | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| | Current Assets | | · | | |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6) | \$ 4,081,951 | 28 | \$ 2,153,373 | 26 |
| 1170 | Notes receivable and accounts receivable (Notes 4, 8, and 19) | 854,546 | 6 | 1,004,674 | 12 |
| 1180 130X | Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 4, 8, 19, and 26) Inventories (Notes 4, 9, 23, and 26) | 5,152 5,274,300 | 36 | 55,711 2,357,234 | 1 28 |
| 130A 1410 | Prepayments | 1,807,348 | 13 | 582,388 | 28 7 |
| 1470 | Other current assets (Notes 14 and 27) | 1,807,548 189,441 | 1 | 93,000 | 1 |
| 11XX | Total current assets | 12,212,738 | 84 | 6,246,380 | 75 |
| | | | | | |
| 1517 | Non-current assets | | | | |
| 1517 | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 4 and 7) | 138,562 | 1 | 166,250 | 2 |
| 1550 | Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 11) | 494,738 | 3 | 456,410 | 2 5 |
| 1600 | Property, plant, and equipment (Notes 4, 12, and 23) | 1,542,982 | 11 | 1,211,220 | 15 |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 13) | 68,436 | - | 79,040 | 1 |
| 1785 | Patent right (Note 4) | 1,212 | - | 1,471 | - |
| 1840 | Deferred income tax assets (Notes 4 and 21) | 110,147 | 1 | 92,314 | 1 |
| 1915 | Prepayments for equipment (Note 12) | 14,492 | - | 45,784 | 1 |
| 1975 | Net defined benefit asset, non-current(Notes 4 and 17) | 1,842 | - | - | - |
| 1990 | Other non-current assets (Note 14) | 34,720 | | 28,948 | |
| 15XX | Total non-current assets | 2,407,131 | <u>16</u> | 2,081,437 | <u>25</u> |
| 1XXX | Total Assets | \$14,619,869 | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 8,327,817</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Code | Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | | | |
| | Current liabilities | | | | |
| 2100 | Short-term borrowings (Note 15) | \$ 430,661 | 3 | \$ 244,642 | 3 |
| 2130 | Contract liability (Notes 19 and 26) | 7,718,760 | 53 | 3,168,045 | 38 |
| 2170 | Notes payable and accounts payable | 2,156,868 | 15 | 1,102,500 | 13 |
| 2219 | Other payables (Notes 12, 16, and 26) | 348,394 | 3 | 356,389 | 4 |
| 2230 | Current income tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21) | 177,324 | 1 | 138,421 | 2 |
| 2252 | Short-term warranty provision (Note 4) | 41,158 | - | 37,457 | 1 |
| 2280 2399 | Lease liability (Notes 4, 13, and 26) Other current liabilities | 7,323 17,116 | - | 12,059 13,792 | - |
| 2333 21XX | Total current liabilities | 10,897,604 | | 5,073,305 | 61 |
| | | | | | |
| | Non-current liabilities | | | | |
| 2570 | Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21) | 76,185 | 1 | 56,418 | - |
| 2580 | Lease liability (Notes 4, 13, and 26) | 63,594 | - | 68,984 | 1 |
| 2640 | Net defined benefit liability (Notes 4 and 17) | 120.770 | | 154 | |
| 25XX | Total non-current liabilities | <u>139,779</u> | 1 | 125,556 | 1 |
| 2XXX | Total liabilities | 11,037,383 | <u>76</u> | 5,198,861 | 62 |
| | Equity (Notes 4 and 18) | | | | |
| 3110 | Capital stock | 811,390 | 5 | 811,390 | <u>10</u> |
| 3200 | Capital surplus | 728,964 | <u> 5</u> <u>5</u> | 625,640 | 8 |
| | Retained earnings | | | | |
| 3310 | Legal reserve | 318,368 | 2 | 276,341 | 3 |
| 3320 | Special reserve | 14,306 | - | 11,775 | - |
| 3350 | Unappropriated earnings | 1,793,497 | <u>12</u> | 1,468,775 | <u>18</u> <u>21</u> |
| 3300 | Total retained earnings | 2,126,171 | 14 | 1,756,891 | |
| 3410 | Other equity Exchange differences arising in the translation of foreign | | | | |
| 3410 | operations | 2,415 | - | (24,830) | - |
| 3420 | Unrealized valuation gains or losses on financial assets at fair | , | | = | |
| 2400 | value through other comprehensive income | $(\underline{35,795})$ | | 10,524 | |
| 3400 3500 | Total other equity interests | $(\underline{33,380})$ | | $(\underline{14,306})$ | $(\frac{}{1})$ |
| 3300 3XXX | Treasury stock Total stockholders' equity | (<u>50,659</u>) <u>3,582,486</u> | <u>-</u> - 24 | (<u>50,659</u>) <u>3,128,956</u> | $(\frac{1}{38})$ |
| | Total Liabilities and Equity | \$14,619,869 | | \$ 8,327,817 | |
| | rotal Elavinics and Equity | <u>Ψ14,012,002</u> | <u>100</u> | ψ 0,341,011 | <u>100</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman of the Board: HUNG-LIANG HSIEH Manager: MING-CHI HSU Accounting Manager: SHAO-CHE CHUANG

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand; except earnings per share

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|--------------|---|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Code | | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| | Operating revenue (Notes 4, 19, and 26) | | | | |
| 4100 | Goods sales revenue | \$ 5,405,974 | 96 | \$ 4,450,223 | 95 |
| 4600 | Services revenue | 194,596 | 3 | 218,757 | 5 |
| 4800 | Other operating revenue | 49,416 | 1 | 14,807 | |
| 4000 | Total operating revenue | 5,649,986 | 100 | 4,683,787 | 100 |
| 5000 | Operating cost (Notes 9, 20, and 26) | 3,559,735 | 63 | 2,976,583 | 63 |
| 5900 | Operating gross profit | 2,090,251 | 37 | 1,707,204 | 37 |
| 5910 | Unrealized gains on transactions with associates | | | (| |
| | (Note 4 and 11) | (5,965) | | (40,187) | (<u>1</u>) |
| 5950 | Realized operating gross profit | 2,084,286 | 37 | 1,667,017 | <u>36</u> |
| | Operating expenses (Notes 8, 20, and 26) | | | | |
| 6100 6200 | Marketing expenses General and | 847,837 | 15 | 691,852 | 15 |
| | administrative | 192,938 | 3 | 165,765 | 4 |
| 6300 | expenses R&D expenses | 320,616 | 6 | 280,112 | 6 |
| 6450 | Loss (Gain) on expected | 320,010 | O | 200,112 | O |
| 6000 | credit impairment Total operating | 12,597 | | (25,957) | (1) |
| 0000 | expenses | 1,373,988 | 24 | 1,111,772 | 24 |
| 6900 | Operating Income | 710,298 | <u>13</u> | 555,245 | <u>12</u> |
| 7190 | Non-operating income and expenses Other income (Notes 4, 7, and 26) | 2,818 | - | 27,295 | 1 |
| | | | | | |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| | | 2022 | | | 2021 | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|------|------|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| Code | | | Amount | % | | Amount | % | |
| 7050 | Financial cost (Notes 4, 20, and 26) Share of profit or loss of | (| \$ 3,404) | - | (\$ | 3,113) | - | |
| 7060 | associates accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and | , | CE (71) | | , | 25.024) | (1) | |
| 7100 | 11) Income from interests | (| 65,674) 10,217 | - | (| 35,924) 950 | (1) | |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses | | 10,217 | _ | | 930 | - | |
| 7270 | (Notes 4 and 20) Gains on reversal of | | 3,752 | - | (| 3,475) | - | |
| | impairment | | - | | | 25,800 | | |
| 7630 | Exchange gains or losses (Notes 4 and 29) | _ | 77,879 | | (| 42,833) | (<u>1</u>) | |
| 7000 | Total non-operating income and | | | | | | | |
| | expenses | - | 25,588 | | (| 31,300) | (1) | |
| 7900 | Net profits before tax | | 735,886 | 13 | | 523,945 | 11 | |
| 7950 | Income tax expenses (Notes 4 and 21) | _ | 167,303 | 3 | | 104,040 | 2 | |
| 8200 | Net profit in the current year | _ | 568,583 | 10 | | 419,905 | 9 | |
| 8311 8316 | Other comprehensive (Note 4) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Re-measurements of defined benefit plans (Note 17) Unrealized valuation gains or losses on investment in | | 1,896 | - | | 451 | - | |
| 8349 | equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified (Note 21) | ((<u>_</u> | 46,319) 379) | (1) | (| 10,524 <u>90</u>) | - | |
| 8310 | , , | (| 44,802) | () | | 10,885 | <u> </u> | |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| | | | 2022 | | | 2021 | | | |
|--------------|---|-----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Code | | | Amount | % | | Amount | % | | |
| 8361 | Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange | | | | | | | | |
| 8370 | differences arising in the translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive | \$ | 26,840 | 1 | (\$ | 12,509) | - | | |
| 8399 | income of associates accounted for using the equity method (Note 11) Income tax related to items that | | 7,228 | - | (| 3,812) | - | | |
| 8360 | might be reclassified (Note 21) | (| 6,823) 27,245 | <u></u> | (| 3,266 13,055) | | | |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income (net after tax) | (| 17,557) | _ | (| 2,170) | - | | |
| 8500 | Total comprehensive income for the year | <u>\$</u> | 551,026 | <u>10</u> | <u>\$</u> | 417,735 | 9 | | |
| 9710 9810 | Earnings per share (Note 22) Basic Diluted | <u>\$</u> \$ | 7.08 7.00 | | <u>\$</u> \$ | 5.23 5.19 | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman of the Board: Manager: Accounting Manager: HUNG-LIANG HSIEH MING-CHI HSU SHAO-CHE CHUANG

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | | | | | | Other | equity Unrealized valuation gains or losses on | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----------------|----------------------------------|
| G 1 | | Capita | l stock | | | Retained earnings | 3 | differences | investment in | | |
| Code | | Thousand shares | Amount | Capital surplus | Legal reserve | Special reserve | Unappropriate d earnings | arising in the translation of foreign operations | equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | Treasury stock | Total stockholders' equity |
| A1 | Balance January 1, 2021 | 81,139 | 811,390 | 611,983 | 245,683 | 13,083 | 1,226,465 | (11,775) | - | (50,659) | 2,846,170 |
| M7 | Changes in ownership interests in associates | - | - | 13,657 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,657 |
| B1 B5 B17 | Earnings distribution for 2020 Legal reserve Cash dividends Reversal of special reserves | - - - | - - - | - - - | 30,658 | (1,308) | (30,658) (148,606) 1,308 | - - - | - - - | - - - | - (148,606) |
| D1 | 2021 net income | - | - | - | - | - | 419,905 | - | - | - | 419,905 |
| D3 | Other comprehensive income (loss) after tax for 2021 | _ | | | - | - | 361 | (13,055) | 10,524 | | (2,170) |
| Z 1 | Balance December 31, 2021 | 81,139 | 811,390 | 625,640 | 276,341 | 11,775 | 1486,775 | (24,830) | 10,524 | (50,659) | 3,128,956 |
| M7 | Changes in ownership interests in associates | - | - | 103,324 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 103,324 |
| B1 B3 B5 | Earnings distribution for 2021 Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends | - - - | - - - | - - - | 42,027 - - | 2,531 - | (42,027) (2,531) (200,820) | - - - | - - - | - - - | (200,820) |
| D1 | 2022 net income | - | - | - | - | - | 568,583 | - | - | - | 568,583 |
| D3 | Other comprehensive income (loss) after tax for 2022 | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | _ | 1,517 | <u>27,245</u> | (46,319) | | (17,557_) |
| Z 1 | Balance as of December 31, 2022 | 81,139 | <u>\$ 811,390</u> | <u>\$ 728,964</u> | \$ 318,368 | <u>\$ 14,306</u> | \$1,793,497 | <u>\$ 2,415</u> | (\$ 35,795) | (\$ 50,659) | \$ 3,582,486 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman of the Board: HUNG-LIANG HSIEH Manager: MING-CHI HSU Accounting Manager: SHAO-CHE CHUANG

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Code | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------|---|------------------------|--------------|
| | Cash flow from operating activities | | |
| A10000 | Net profits before tax | \$ 735,886 | \$ 523,945 |
| A20010 | Income expenses | | |
| A20100 | Depreciation | 113,603 | 109,199 |
| A20200 | Amortization expense | 259 | 260 |
| A20300 | Loss (Gain) on expected credit | | |
| | impairment | 12,597 | (25,957) |
| A20900 | Financial cost | 3,404 | 3,113 |
| A21200 | Income from interests | (10,217) | (950) |
| A21300 | Dividend Income | (800) | - |
| A22300 | Share of profit or loss of | | |
| | associates accounted for using | 65,674 | 35,924 |
| A22500 | equity method (Gain) loss on disposal and | 03,074 | 33,924 |
| A22300 | retirement of property, plant, | | |
| | and equipment | (90) | 103 |
| A23100 | Gain on disposal of investments | (6,710) | (909) |
| A23700 | Impairment loss on non-financial | | , |
| | assets | 50,784 | 38,340 |
| A23900 | Unrealized gains on transactions | 5.065 | 40.107 |
| 101100 | with associates | 5,965 | 40,187 |
| A24100 | Unrealized exchange loss (gain) | 27,596 | (6,299) |
| A29900 | Defined benefit cost | - | (8,371) |
| A30000 | Net changes in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| A31150 | Notes receivable and accounts | | |
| 1101100 | receivable | 152,356 | (202,022) |
| A31160 | Accounts receivable - related | | |
| | parties | 52,501 | (57,873) |
| A31200 | Inventories | (2,951,720) | (1,498,411) |
| A31230 | Prepayments | (1,218,427) | (482,082) |
| A31240 | Other current assets | (95,175) | (14,246) |
| A32125 | Contract liabilities | 4,495,207 | 2,498,067 |
| A32150 | Notes receivable and accounts receivable | 1,009,163 | 582,383 |
| A32180 | Other accounts payable | (2,398) | 103,406 |
| A32200 | Short-term warranty provision | 3,482 | 6,993 |
| A32230 | Other current liabilities | 3,324 | 4,495 |
| A32240 | Net defined benefit liabilities | (100) | (5,454) |
| A33000 | Cash flow from operating activities | 2,446,164 | 1,643,841 |
| A33100 | Interest received | 10,217 | 950 |
| A33300 | Interest received Interest paid | (3,368) | (3,165) |
| A33500 | Income taxes paid | (3,308) (133,726) | (67,911) |
| AAAA | Net cash generated by operating | (155,120) | (|
| AAAA | activities | 2,319,287 | 1,573,715 |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| Code | | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| B00010 | Cash Flow from Investing Activities | | |
| D 00010 | Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive | | |
| | income | (\$ 18,631) | (\$ 155,726) |
| B01800 | Acquisition of long-term equity | -,, | (, , |
| | investments under equity method | 1,868 | - |
| B02700 | Acquisition of property, plant and | | |
| D02000 | equipment | (410,082) | (70,025) |
| B02800 | Proceeds from disposal or property, | 1 059 | 122 |
| B06700 | plant and equipment Increase in other non-current assets | 1,058 (5,646) | (2,502) |
| B07600 | Dividends received | 800 | (2,302) |
| BBBB | Net cash used in investing | | |
| | activities | (<u>421,633</u>) | $(\underline{228,131})$ |
| | | | |
| | Cash Flow from Financing Activities | | |
| C00100 | Increase in short-term borrowings | 248,044 | 272,537 |
| C00200 | Decrease in short-term borrowings | (59,170) | (249,933) |
| C01600 | Increase in long-term borrowings | 200,000 | - |
| C01700 C04020 | Repayment of long-term borrowings Repayment of principal of lease | (200,000) | - |
| C04020 | liabilities | (12,714) | (12,248) |
| C04500 | Cash dividends paid | (200,820) | (148,606) |
| CCCC | Net cash outflow from financing | (| (|
| | activities | (24,660) | (138,250) |
| | | ,, | , |
| DDDD | Effects of exchange rate changes on cash | | |
| | and cash equivalents | <u>55,584</u> | (11,810) |
| EEEE | Increase in each and each equivalents | 1 020 570 | 1 105 524 |
| EEEE | Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 1,928,578 | 1,195,524 |
| E00100 | Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of | | |
| | year | 2,153,373 | 957,849 |
| | • | | |
| E00200 | Cash and cash equivalents - end of year | <u>\$4,081,951</u> | <u>\$ 2,153,373</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman of the Board: Manager: Accounting Manager: HUNG-LIANG HSIEH MING-CHI HSU SHAO-CHE CHUANG

SCIENTECH CORPORATION and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

(All amounts are in NT\$ thousand unless otherwise specified)

1. <u>Company History</u>

SCIENTECH CORPORATION (the "Company" hereinafter) was incorporated in October 1979. Mainly engaged in the research and development, production, sales, and maintenance of process equipment for semiconductors, liquid crystal displays (LCDs), light-emitting diodes (LEDs), and solar power generation; wafer reclaim; and general import and export, the Company was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) in March 2013.

The consolidated financial statements are stated in the functional currency of the Company, which is New Taiwan Dollars.

2. Date and procedures of approval of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved at the Board meeting on March 10, 2023.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments, and Interpretations

(I) First-time application of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC interpretations (SIC) (hereinafter collectively referred to as "IFRSs") approved and promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as "FSC") won't cause any material changes to the Group's accounting policies.

(II) Application of the FSC-endorsed IFRSs in 2023

| Application of | New | Effective Date Announced | | | | |
|----------------|-------|--------------------------|------|----------------|-----|--------------------------|
| | In | by IASB | | | | |
| Amendments | to | IAS | 1, | "Disclosure | of | January 1, 2023 (Note 1) |
| Accounting | Polic | ies" | | | | |
| Amendments | to | IAS | 8, | "Definition | of | January 1, 2023 (Note 2) |
| Accounting | Estin | nates" | | | | |
| Amendments | to IA | S 12, " | Defe | erred Tax Rela | ted | January 1, 2023 (Note 3) |
| to Assets and | d Lia | ıgle | | | | |
| Transaction' | , | | | | | |

Note 1: The amendments shall apply to the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

- Note 2: The amendments shall apply to the changes to the accounting estimates or policies occurring during the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 3: This amendment requires entities to recognize a deferred tax liability for the temporary difference associated with lease and decommissioning obligations that arise on January 1, 2022 and is applicable to all transactions occurred after such date.

As of the date when the consolidated financial statements were approved and issued, the Group assessed the said amended standards and interpretations and found them to have no significant effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(III) IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet approved and promulgated by the FSC

| Application of New Standards, Amendments, and | Effective Date Announced |
|---|--------------------------|
| Interpretations | by IASB (Note 1) |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, "Sale or | To be determined |
| Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its | |
| Associate or Joint Venture" | |
| Amendments to IFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale | January 1, 2024 (Note 2) |
| and Leaseback | |
| IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IFRS 17 | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IFRS 17, "Initial Application of IFRS | January 1, 2023 |
| 17 and IFRS 9—Comparative Information" | |
| Amendments to IAS 1, "Classification of Liabilities | January 1, 2024 |
| as Current or Non-current" | |
| Amendments to IAS 1, Non-current Liabilities with | January 1, 2024 |
| Covenants | - |

- Note 1: Unless otherwise specified, the above-mentioned new/ amended/ revised standards or interpretation shall become effective in the annual reporting periods beginning on or after each effective date.
- Note 2: A seller-lessee is required to apply the amendments to IFRS 16 to any leaseback transactions arsing after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

Up to the release date of the consolidated financial statements, the Group assessed the effects of the said amendments to the standards and interpretations on the financial position and performance on a continuous basis. The relevant effects will be disclosed after the assessment.

4. <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u>

(I) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs approved and promulgated by the FSC.

(II) Basis of preparation

Except for the financial instruments measured at fair value and the net defined benefit liabilities recognized at the present value of defined benefit obligations less the fair value of the plan assets, the consolidated financial statements were prepared on the basis of historical cost.

Fair value measurements are classified into Level 1, 2, and 3 based on the degree to which an input is observable and the significance of the input:

- 1. Level 1 inputs: The quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that is accessible on the measurement date (before adjustment).
- 2. Level 2 inputs: Other than quoted prices included in Level 1, the inputs that are observable for assets or liabilities directly (i.e. the price) or indirectly (i.e. inferred from the price).
- 3. Level 3 inputs: The inputs that are not observable for assets or liabilities.

(III) Criteria for classification of assets and liabilities as current or non-current

Current assets include:

- 1. Assets that are held mainly for trading purposes;
- assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date;
- 3. cash or cash equivalents (excluding those that are restricted for being used for exchange or settlement of liabilities within 12 months after the balance sheet date).

Current liabilities include:

- 1. Liabilities that are held mainly for trading purposes;
- 2. liabilities that will be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date; and
- 3. liabilities whose due date cannot be unconditionally extended to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Assets or liabilities that are not the above-mentioned current assets or current liabilities are classified as non-current assets or non-current liabilities.

(IV) Basis of consolidation

Entities covered by the consolidated financial statements include the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., subsidiaries). The financial statements of the subsidiaries are adjusted to have their accounting policies be consistent with those of Group. All the transactions, account balances, profits, and expenses/losses between entities are eliminated during preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

For details of subsidiaries, shareholding percentage in them, and their business activities, refer to Note 10 and Appendix Tables 5 and 6.

(V) Foreign currency

Entities preparing their own financial statements translated the transactions denominated in currencies other than their functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) into their functional currency by applying the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date.

Monetary items in foreign currencies are translated at the closing exchange rate on each balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from settlement or translation of the monetary items are recognized in the profit or loss of the period.

Non-monetary items in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the date the fair value was determined. The exchange differences resulting therefrom are recognized in profit or loss of the period, or in other comprehensive income when changes in fair value of such items were designated to be recognized in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items in foreign currencies measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate on the date of transaction and are not retranslated.

During preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations (including the subsidiaries, associates, or branch companies of which the countries they operate or the currencies they use are different from those of the Group) are translated into NTD at the exchange rate prevailing on each balance sheet date. The income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rate of the period, and the exchange differences resulting therefrom are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(VI) Inventories

Inventories include raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods, and products. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost and net realizable values are compared on an item by item basis, except inventories of the same category. Net realizable value refers to the estimated selling price in a normal situation less the estimated cost needed to complete the work and the estimated cost needed to complete the sale. The weighted average method is used to calculate the inventory cost.

(VII) Investment in associates

An associate refers to a company over which the Group has a significant influence, but it is not a subsidiary or joint venture.

The Group accounts for its equity in an associate using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in associates is initially recognized at its costs and the amount of increase or decrease in the carrying amount of such investment after the date of acquisition depends on the Group's shares of profit/loss and other comprehensive income in the associates and joint ventures and the distributed profits. In addition, changes to the Group's equity in the associates are recognized based on our shareholding ratio.

When the Group does not subscribe to new shares issued by associates based on its shareholding ratio, resulting in changes in the shareholding ratio and consequently to the net equity value of investment, the Group accounts for such changes by adjusting capital reserve - changes in the net equity of associates recognized under the equity method and investments under equity method. However, if subscription or acquisition of the shares is not based on the shareholding ratio, leading to a decrease in the Group's ownership equity in the associates, the amounts related to the associate in other comprehensive income are reclassified according to the percentage of such decrease and treated with the same accounting treatment basis as the one which the associates' direct disposal of relevant assets or liabilities shall be in accordance with. If the said adjustment shall be debited to capital reserves, and the balance of capital reserves arising from investment under equity method is insufficient to be offset, the difference is debited to retained earnings.

When the Group's shares of losses in the associates are equal to or exceeded our equity in the associates (including the carrying amount of investment in the associate under the equity method and other long-term equities that in nature are part of the net investment portfolio made by the consolidated company in the associate concerned),

the Group does not recognize further losses. The Group recognizes additional losses and liabilities only when any legal obligation or constructive obligation is incurred or the Group made payment on behalf of the associates.

For impairment evaluation, the Group tests the entire investment book value for impairment as a single asset by comparing the recoverable amount and book value of the investment. Any recognized impairment loss is also part of the investment book value. Any reversal of the impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increased.

The profit or loss generated from the upstream, downstream, and side stream transactions between the Group and the associates is recognized in the consolidated financial statements only when such profit or loss is irrelevant to the Group's equity in the associates.

(VIII) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are initially recognized at cost and subsequently at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment.

Each significant part of the property, plants, and equipment is separately depreciated on the straight-line basis over their useful life. The Group reviews the estimated useful life, residual value, and method of depreciation at least once before the end of each year and prospectively recognizes the effect from changes in accounting estimates.

When property, plant, and equipment is disposed of, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the asset book value is recognized in profit or loss.

(IX) Patent right

Patent rights acquired separately are initially measured in accordance with the cost and subsequently based on the cost net of accumulated amortization and impairment losses. Patent rights are amortized on the straight-line basis over their useful life. The Group reviews the estimated useful life, residual value, and method of amortization at least once before the end of each year and prospectively recognizes the effects of changes in accounting estimates.

(X) Impairments of property, plant, and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets

The Group assesses whether there are any signs indicating that any property, plant, and equipment, right-of-use assets, or intangible assets might be impaired on each balance sheet date. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable

amount is estimated. When the recoverable amount of individual assets cannot be estimated, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong. Corporate assets are allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to the smallest group of cash-generating units

The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs of sale and the value in use. When the recoverable amount of any individual assets or cash-generating units is less than the book value, the book value of the individual assets or cash-generating units is adjusted down to the recoverable amount, and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

When the impairment loss is reversed subsequently, the book value of the asset or cash-generating unit is adjusted up to the revised recoverable amount. However, the increased book value shall not exceed the book value that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years. The reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(XI) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized in the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the financial instrument contract.

Financial assets or financial liabilities other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at the fair value plus the transaction costs that can be directly attributed to acquisition or issuance of such financial assets or liabilities. Any transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss is immediately recognized in profit or loss.

1. Financial assets

The arms-length transactions of financial assets are recognized and derecognized using the transaction date accounting method.

(1) Type of measurement

The Group's financial assets include financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at amortized cost, and investment in equity instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss refer to those designated to be measured at fair value through profit and loss.

Financial assets are designated to be measured at fair value through profit or loss upon initially recognition if such designation could eliminate or materially reduce inconsistency in measurement or recognition.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value; the dividends and interest derived therefrom are recognized in other income and interest income, respectively. Gains or losses from re-measurement are recognized in other gains and losses.

B. Financial assets at amortized cost

When the Group's invested financial assets meet both of the following two conditions, they are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost:

- a. The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is collecting contractual cash flows; and
- b. The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After the initial recognition, the financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents and receivables [including those due from related party]) are measured at the amortized cost equal to the total book value determined under the effective interest method less any impairment losses, and any gain or loss from foreign currency translation is recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated as the effective interest rate times the total book value of financial assets, except under the following two circumstances:

a. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the interest income is calculated as the credit-adjusted effective interest rate times the amortized cost of the financial assets. b. For financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired but subsequently become credit-impaired, the interest income is calculated as the effective interest rate times the amortized cost of the financial assets, in all subsequent periods following the period in which the impairment occurred.

Financial assets are deemed to be credit-impaired upon the occurrence of significant financial difficulties confronting the issuer or debtor; default; or the circumstance that the debtor is likely to file for bankruptcy or other financial reorganization.

Cash equivalents include time deposits that are highly liquid, readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and that mature within three months after the acquisition date; cash equivalents are used to meet short-term cash commitments.

C. Investment in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

At initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to measure the investment in equity instruments that are held not for trading, that are not recognized by the acquirer in a business merger, and that have no consideration, at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity.

The dividends derived investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive dividends is determined, except under the circumstance that such dividends apparently represent a partial return of the investment cost.

(2) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses impairment losses on the financial assets (including accounts receivable [including those due from related parties])

measured at amortized cost based on the expected credit losses on each balance sheet date.

Loss allowance for accounts receivable is recognized based on the lifetime expected credit losses. The Group first assess whether the credit risk on other financial assets significantly has increased after the initial recognition. When the increase is not significant, the loss allowance for the financial assets is recognized at the 12-month expected credit losses; when the increase is significant, the loss allowance is recognized at the lifetime expected credit losses.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average credit losses with the probability of default ('PD') as the weight. 12-month expected credit losses represent the expected credit losses on financial instruments from any potential default within 12 months after the reporting date. Lifetime expected credit losses represent the expected credit losses on financial instruments from any potential default during the expected lifetime.

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, financial assets are deemed to be defaulted when any of the following circumstance occurs, without consideration of the collaterals held:

- A. Any internal or external information indicates that a debtor is impossible to pay off the debts.
- B. Any contractual payment is overdue, unless any reasonable and supportable information demonstrates that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

The impairment loss on all financial assets is deducted from the book value of the financial assets through their allowance account.

(3) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to other entities.

For derecognition of the entire financial assets measured at amortized cost, the differences between the book value and the received consideration are recognized in profit or loss. For derecognition of the entire investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss is directly transferred to retained earnings and not reclassified as profit or loss.

2. Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuance.

When a reacquired equity instrument is originally owned by the Company, the re-acquisition is recognized as a deduction to equity. Purchase, sale, issuance, or cancellation of the equity instruments owned by the Company are not recognized in profit or loss.

3. Financial liabilities

(1) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

For derecognition of financial liabilities, the differences between the book value and the consideration paid are recognized in profit or loss.

(XII) Short-term warranty provision

The warranty obligation that ensures agreement between products and agreed specifications is management's best estimate of the expenditure to settle the Group's obligations, and is recognized at the time when revenue is recognized for underlying products.

(XIII) Revenue recognition

After identifying the performance obligations under a contract with customers, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation and recognizes the allocated amount as revenue after each performance obligation is fulfilled. The Group's revenue comes from equipment trading and wafer reclamation, and is recognized when products are accepted by customers; or when they are shipped or delivered to the place designated by customers, depending on the contractual terms. Before being recognized as revenue, advance receipts are recognized as contract liability.

(XIV) Lease

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

When the Group is a lessee, the lease payment from the leases of low-value underlying assets to which the exemption of recognition is applied and short-term lease is recognized in expenses on the straight-line basis over the lease term, while right-of-use assets and lease liabilities with respect to other leases are recognized on the lease commencement date.

The right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost(including the initial recognized amount of lease liabilities), and subsequently measured at the cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, adjusted for remeasurements of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are separately presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease term.

Lease liabilities is initially measured at the present value of lease payment (fixed payments). If the interest rate implicit in a lease can be readily determined, the lease payments are discounted at the interest rate. When such interest rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate of interest is used.

Subsequently, the lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost under the effective interest method, and the interest expenses are amortized over the lease term. When future lease payments change as a result of a change in the lease term, the Group re-measures the lease liabilities and adjust the right-of-use assets accordingly. However, the residual remeasurements are recognized in profit or loss when the book value of right-of-use assets is reduced to zero. Lease liabilities are separately presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

(XV) Government grants

Government grants may be recognized only when it is reasonable to ensure that the Group will comply with the conditions incidental to the government grants and the subsidies may be received affirmatively.

Government grants related to any gains are recognized in other income on a systematic basis within the period when the costs to be subsidized by the government are recognized in expenses by the Group. Government grants with a condition by which the Group is required to acquire non-current assets through acquisition, construction, or by other means are initially recognized as deferred revenue and

subsequently transferred to profit or loss on a reasonable and systematic basis over the useful live of the underlying assets.

If the government grants are intended to make up the expenses or losses that have occurred, or immediately finance the Group without incurring any future cost, such subsidies are recognized in profit or loss during the period when they can be received.

(XVI) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at non-discounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for the services to be provided by the employees.

2. Post-employment benefit

The pension contributed under the Defined Contribution Pension Plan is recognized in expenses during the period when employees provide services.

Defined benefit cost under the Defined Benefit Pension Plan is calculated actuarially using the projected unit credit method. Service costs and net interest on net defined benefit liabilities are recognized as employee benefit expenses when they are incurred. Remeasurements are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in retained earnings when they occurred, and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

(XVII) Income tax

Tax expenses are the total of current income tax and deferred income tax.

1. Current income tax

The Group determines the income (loss) for the current period in accordance with the laws and regulations prevailing in each taxation jurisdiction and, based this, calculates the income tax payable (recoverable).

The additional income tax on undistributed earnings that is calculated according to the Income Tax Act of the Republic of China is recognized in the year when the related resolution is made at the shareholders' meeting.

The adjustments to the income tax payable in the previous year are recognized in the current income tax.

2. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is calculated based on the temporary difference between the book value of assets and liabilities and the tax basis for calculation of taxable income.

Deferred income tax liabilities are generally recognized based on all taxable temporary differences; deferred income tax assets are recognized when taxable income sufficiently enough to offset the deductible temporary differences and loss carryforwards is highly likely in the future.

Taxable temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries and associates are recognized in deferred income tax liabilities except that the Group can control the timing of reversal of the taxable temporary differences and that such differences are not likely to be reversed in the foreseeable future. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized in the foreseeable future.

The book value of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date. When any of the deferred income tax assets is not likely to have adequate taxable income necessary for the recovery of all or part of the assets anymore, the book value thereof is reduced. Those that are not originally recognized in deferred income tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. When any of those is likely to generate taxable income necessary for the recovery of all or part of the assets in the future, the book value thereof is increased.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate of the period in which the liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or realized. The tax rate is subject to the tax rate and tax law legislated or substantively legislated on the balance sheet date. The deferred income tax liabilities and assets are measured to reflect the tax consequence on the balance sheet date arising from the method that the Group expects to use to recover or settle the book value of the liabilities and assets.

3. Current and deferred income taxes

Current and deferred income taxes are recognized in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income if they are related to the current and deferred income taxes designated to be recognized in other comprehensive income.

5. <u>Significant Accounting Judgments, Assumptions, and Major Sources of Estimation</u> <u>Uncertainty</u>

For adoption of the accounting policies, the management, based on historical experience and other relevant factors, must make judgments, estimates and assumptions related to the information that cannot be readily acquired from other sources. The actual results may differ from those estimates.

The Group takes into account the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on the Taiwan economy when making significant accounting estimates for cash flows, growth rate, discount rate, and profitability. The management will continue to review the estimates and basic assumptions. When the changes in the estimates only affect the current period, they are recognized in the period in which they are made; when the changes in the estimates affect the current and future periods at the same time, they are recognized in the period in which they are made and in future periods.

Through an assessment, the management of the Group does not think an uncertainty exists in material accounting judgments, estimates, or assumptions.

6. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Cash on hand and working capital | \$ 570 | \$ 468 |
| Bank check and demand deposit | 3,638,016 | 2,140,979 |
| Cash equivalents | | |
| Time deposit whose initial | | |
| maturity date will be due | | |
| within 3 months | 443,365 | 11,926 |
| | <u>\$4,081,951</u> | <u>\$ 2,153,373</u> |

The annual interest rate for bank time deposits was $3.55\% \sim 4.80\%$ and 0.17% on December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

7. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

| | Decem | ber 31, 2022 | Decen | nber 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|---------------|
| Investment in equity instruments | | <u>.</u> | | _ |
| measured | | | | |
| at fair value through other | | | | |
| comprehensive income | | | | |
| Domestic investments | | | | |
| Shares of TWSE-listed | | | | |
| companies through private | | | | |
| placement | | | | |
| SPIROX CORP. | \$ | 89,205 | \$ | 112,237 |
| Overseas investments | | | | |

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Shares not traded on an | | |
| exchange or OTC | | |
| INFINITESIMA | | |
| LIMITED | 49,357 | 54,013 |
| | \$ 138,562 | \$ 166,250 |

The Group invested in the common shares of the aforementioned companies according to its medium-term and long-term strategies, and expected to gain profits through long-term investment. Since the Group's management deemed that the recognition of short-term changes in the investment's fair value in profit or loss was not consistent with the said long-term investment plan, they opted to have the investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The dividend income of NT\$800 thousand (recognized under other income) by the Group in 2022 had to do with the shares held as of December 31, 2022.

8. Notes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties)

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Notes receivable | \$ 1,904 | \$ 5,296 |
| Accounts receivable (including | | |
| those due from related parties) | 912,410 | 1,096,919 |
| | 914,314 | 1,102,215 |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful | | |
| accounts | <u>54,616</u> | 41,830 |
| | <u>\$ 859,698</u> | <u>\$1,060,385</u> |

The Group's average credit period for sales of goods is 120 days on average. Accounts receivable paid within 60 days after the invoice date or the sale date won't be charged any interest. If accounts receivable are not paid within 60 days, the Group will assess the credit status of each individual transaction party on a business month to measure possible gains or losses and reduce possible losses.

The Group recognizes the loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties) based on the lifetime expected credit losses. The lifetime expected credit losses are calculated by considering the customer's default record and current financial position, and the industrial and economic conditions. When there is any evidence showing that the trading counterparty is facing serious financial difficulties and the Group cannot estimate a reasonable

recoverable amount, the Group directly writes off related notes receivable and accounts receivable, but will continue recourse activities. Any recovered amount through the recourse activities is recognized in profit or loss.

The Group recognizes the loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties) as follows:

December 31, 2022

| | | | | | | | | | | More | e than 731 | | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------|--------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|------|------------|----|---------|
| | 0-180 days | 181-27 | 3 days | 274- | -365 days | 366 | -540 days | 541- | -730 days | | days | | Total |
| ECL rate | - | 59 | 6 | | 10% | | 45% | | 70% | | 100% | | |
| Total book value | \$ 755,004 | \$ 31 | 1,767 | \$ | 39,241 | \$ | 66,726 | \$ | 8,330 | \$ | 13,246 | \$ | 914,314 |
| Loss allowance (lifetime | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ECL) | <u>-</u> | (| 1,588) | (| 3,924) | (| 30,027) | (| 5,831) | (| 13,246) | (| 54,616) |
| Amortized cost | \$ 755,004 | \$ 30 | 0,179 | \$ | 35,317 | \$ | 36,699 | \$ | 2,499 | \$ | | \$ | 859,698 |

<u>December 31, 2021</u>

| | | | | | | More than 731 | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 0-180 days | 181-273 days | 274–365 days | 366-540 days | 541-730 days | days | Total |
| ECL rate | - | 5% | 10% | 45% | 70% | 100% | |
| Total book value | \$ 951,494 | \$ 55,007 | \$ 43,332 | \$ 28,645 | \$ 6,270 | \$ 17,467 | \$1,102,215 |
| Loss allowance (lifetime | | | | | | | |
| ECL) | | (2,750 |) (4,333_) | (12,891_) | (4,389_) | (17,467_) | (41,830) |
| Amortized cost | \$ 951,494 | \$ 52,257 | \$ 38,999 | <u>\$ 15,754</u> | \$ 1,881 | \$ - | \$1,060,385 |

Changes in the loss allowance for notes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties) are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Balance - beginning of period | \$ 41,830 | \$ 67,955 |
| Less:Impairment loss (reversed) in | | |
| the year | 12,597 | (25,957) |
| Less: Actual amount written off in | | |
| the year | (110) | (29) |
| Differences from translation of | | |
| foreign currencies | 299 | (139) |
| Balance - end of year | <u>\$ 54,616</u> | <u>\$ 41,830</u> |

The Group did not hold any collateral against the balance of notes receivables and accounts receivables (including those due from related parties).

Customers who individually account for 10% of the Group's total accounts receivable (including those due from related parties) are as follows:

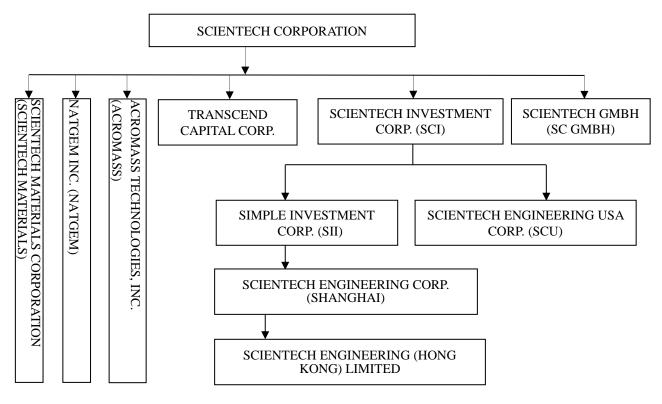
| December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Company A | Company C |
| - | Company A |

9. <u>Inventories</u>

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Products | \$ 4,199,165 | \$ 1,786,536 |
| Finished-goods | 162,397 | 100,902 |
| Work-in-process | 305,647 | 254,892 |
| Raw materials | 607,091 | 214,904 |
| | <u>\$ 5,274,300</u> | <u>\$ 2,357,234</u> |
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Cost of sales related to inventories | <u>\$ 3,559,735</u> | <u>\$ 2,976,583</u> |
| Loss on inventory devaluation | <u>\$ 50,784</u> | <u>\$ 64,140</u> |

10. Subsidiary

Entities in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:



| | | | Shar | eholding ratio | 0 |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------|
| | | | December | December | Descri |
| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | Main business activities | 31, 2022 | 31, 2021 | ption |
| SCIENTECH | SCI | Investment | | | |
| CORPORATION | | | 100 | 100 | |
| SCIENTECH | ACROMASS | General instrument and precision | | | |
| CORPORATION | | instrument manufacturing | 100 | 100 | |
| SCIENTECH | NATGEM | Sale of food and supplies | | | |
| CORPORATION | | | 100 | 100 | |
| SCIENTECH | SCIENTECH | Manufacturing and sale of | | | (Notes |
| CORPORATION | MATERIALS | energy-efficient products | | | 1 and |
| | | | 100 | 100 | 2) |
| SCIENTECH | SC GMBH | International trade | 100 | 100 | |
| CORPORATION | | | | | |

| | | | Shar | eholding ratio |) |
|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------|
| | | | December | December | Descri |
| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | Main business activities | 31, 2022 | 31, 2021 | ption |
| SCIENTECH | TRANSCEND | Investment | 100 | 100 | |
| CORPORATION | CAPITAL | | | | |
| | CORP. | | | | |
| SCI | SII | Investment | 100 | 100 | |
| SCI | SCU | Trading of semiconductor equipment | | | |
| | | and peripherals | 100 | 100 | |
| SII | SCIENTECH | Trading and maintenance of | 100 | 100 | |
| | ENGINEERING | semiconductor equipment and | | | |
| | SHANGHAI | peripherals | | | |
| SCIENTECH | SCIENTECH | International trade | | | |
| ENGINEERING | ENGINEERING | | | | |
| SHANGHAI | HONG KONG | | 100 | 100 | |

Note 1: SCIENTECH MATERIALS was dissolved through a resolution reached at the Board of Directors meeting dated August 30, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the liquidation process was not yet completed.

Note 2: The profit or loss of SCIENTECH MATERIALS for 2022 and 2021 was computed based on the financial statements for the same period that were not audited by CPAs. The management of the Group didn't think that not having SCIENTECH MATERIALS' financial statements audited by CPAs would cause any material impact.

11. Investments accounted for using equity method

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Significant associate | | |
| XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR | | |
| (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. | \$ 457,968 | \$ 414,436 |
| Individually insignificant | | |
| associate | 36,770 | 41,974 |
| | <u>\$ 494,738</u> | \$ 456,410 |

(I) Significant associate

| | | | | Shareholding |
|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | and Voti | ng Right |
| | | Main business | December 31, | December 31, |
| Company name | Main business activities | premises | 2022 | 2021 |
| XTEK | Manufacturing and sale | China | 17.21% | 22.36% |
| SEMICONDUCT | of semiconductor | | | |
| OR (HUANGSHI) | equipment and | | | |
| CO., LTD. | peripherals | | | |

The Group's share of profits/ losses and other comprehensive income in associates under the equity method were recognized based on the financial statements for the same period that were audited by CPAs.

The following financial information summary is prepared based on the associates' IFRS-based individual financial statements, and has reflected the adjustments required for adoption of the equity method.

XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD.

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Current assets | \$ 1,630,138 | \$ 845,158 |
| Non-current assets | 2,800,076 | 2,019,303 |
| Current liabilities | (265,517) | (211,200) |
| Non-current liabilities | (<u>1,218,321</u>) | $(\underline{628,454})$ |
| Equity | <u>\$ 2,916,376</u> | <u>\$ 2,024,807</u> |
| The Group's shareholding ratio | 17.21% | 22.36% |
| The Group's equity | \$ 502,039 | \$ 452,747 |
| Unrealized gains on | | |
| downstream transactions | (46,152) | (40,187) |
| Others | 2,081 | 1,876 |
| Investment book value | <u>\$ 457,968</u> | <u>\$ 414,436</u> |
| | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Net loss in the current year | (\$ 318,577) | (\$ 167,680) |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Total comprehensive income | (\$ 318,577) | (<u>\$ 167,680</u>) |

Although the Group's shareholding in the significant associate did not reach 50%, the Group was individually the largest shareholder. After considering the number and dispersion of voting shares held by other shareholders, the Group found the shareholdings are not diffuse. As a result, the Group is not yet able to direct the company's relevant activities and thus does not have control over it. The Group thinks that it has only significant influence over the company and thus regards the company as an associate accounted for using the equity method.

XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. launched a series follow-on offerings during March and June 2022. Failing to subscribe to the follow-on offering in proportion to its shareholding percentage, the Group saw its consolidated shareholding in XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. dropped from 22.36% to 17.21%. Therefore, the Group reclassified the amount already recognized in other comprehensive income proportionally, and recognized gains on disposal of investments in the amount of NT\$5,426 thousand. In addition, since the net equity value of the investee

increased, capital reserves - associates accounted for using equity method were adjusted by NT\$103,324 thousand. Hence, although the Group held less than 20% stake in XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. the Group still wielded significant influence over it because the Group had a representative on its board of directors. Therefor, XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. was accounted for using the equity method.

For the main business activities, main business premises, and company registration information of the said associates, refer to Appendix Table 6 Investment in Mainland China.

(II) Summary information on individually insignificant associates

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| The Group's share | | | |
| Net profit (loss) for the | | | |
| year | (\$ 4,574) | \$ 1,530 | |
| Other comprehensive | | | |
| income | (<u>46</u>) | 9 | |
| Total comprehensive | | | |
| income | (<u>\$ 4,620</u>) | <u>\$ 1,539</u> | |

Although holding less than 20% of the shares of some individually insignificant associates, the Group has a representative in their board of directors and thus has significant influence over them.

The said investees accounted for using equity method, and the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in them were computed based on the financial statements not audited by CPAs. However, the management of the Group did not think that not having the financial statements audited by CPAs would cause any material impact.

12. <u>Property, plant and equipment</u>

| | | Buildings a n d | a n d | O t h e r | Unfinished | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|---|
| | L a n d | structures | equipment | facilities | construction | T o t a l |
| Cost | | | | | | |
| Balance as of | | | | | | |
| January 1, 2022 | \$ 280,062 | \$ 997,978 | \$ 442,300 | \$ 47,212 | \$ - | \$1,767,552 |
| Increase | 302,200 | 39,719 | 46,972 | 15,315 | 19,736 | 423,942 |
| Decrease | · _ | (21,918) | (12,520) | (6,146) | - | (40,584) |
| Reclassification | _ | - | 6,337 | 250 | _ | 6,587 |
| Net exchange | | | 0,007 | 200 | | 0,00. |
| differences | | 932 | | 223 | | 1 115 |
| | | 932 | | | | <u>1,115</u> |
| Balance as of | ф. Б оо о со | Φ4 04 ¢ 5 44 | A 100 000 | A 54.054 | A 10 70 (| 00450750 |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 582,262</u> | <u>\$1,016,711</u> | <u>\$ 483,089</u> | <u>\$ 56,854</u> | <u>\$ 19,736</u> | <u>\$2,158,652</u> |
| | | | | | | |
| <u>Accumulated</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>depreciation</u> | | | | | | |
| Balance as of | | | | | | |
| January 1, 2022 | | \$ 374,026 | \$ 163,350 | \$ 18,956 | \$ - | \$ 556,332 |
| Depreciation | | 33,345 | 57,610 | 9,459 | - | 100,414 |
| Decrease | | (21,918) | (12,517) | (5,181) | _ | (39,616) |
| Reclassification | | | (1,741) | (28) | _ | (1,769) |
| Net exchange | | | (1, 11) | (20) | | (1,,05) |
| differences | | 200 | | 11 | | 200 |
| | | <u>298</u> | | 11 | | 309 |
| Balance as of | | | A -01-0- | | • | |
| December 31, 2022 | | <u>\$ 385,751</u> | <u>\$ 206,702</u> | <u>\$ 23,217</u> | <u>s -</u> | <u>\$ 615,670</u> |
| | | | | | | |
| Net amount on | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 582,262</u> | <u>\$ 630,960</u> | <u>\$ 276,387</u> | <u>\$ 33,637</u> | <u>\$ 19,736</u> | <u>\$1,542,982</u> |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Buildings | Machinery | | | |
| | | Buildings a n d | Machinery a n d | Other | Unfinished | |
| | Land | <u> </u> | a n d | | Unfinished construction | Total |
| Cost | L a n d | a n d | a n d | O t h e r facilities | | T o t a l |
| <u>Cost</u> Balance January 1 | L a n d | a n d | a n d | | | T o t a l |
| Balance January 1, | | a n d structures | a n d equipment | facilities | construction | |
| Balance January 1, 2021 | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | <u>facilities</u> \$ 34,762 | | \$1,913,483 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase | | a n d structures \$ 999,690 9,983 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 | \$ 34,762 16,592 | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 9,983 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 | \$ 34,762 16,592 | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 9,983 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences | \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (<u>262</u>) <u>\$ 47,212</u> | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 280,062 - - - - | \$ 999,690 9,983 (11,215) | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| construction | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 17,007 (106,854) (66,822) \$ 442,300 \$ 249,797 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (<u>262</u>) <u>\$ 47,212</u> | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (<u>262</u>) <u>\$ 47,212</u> \$ 15,482 | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (<u>262</u>) <u>\$ 47,212</u> \$ 15,482 | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (262) \$ 47,212 \$ 15,482 - 7,327 (3,776) | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (| \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (262) \$ 47,212 \$ 15,482 - 7,327 (3,776) | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) (12,724) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) - (262) \$ 47,212 \$ 15,482 - 7,327 (3,776) | \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) (12,724) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | \$ \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) (12,724) (212) |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance as of December 31, 2021 Net amonut on | \$ 280,062 - - - - \$ 280,062 | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | \$ \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) (12,724) (212) \$556,332 |
| Balance January 1, 2021 Increase Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance December 31, 2021 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance as of January 1, 2021 Impairment loss reversed Depreciation Decrease Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ 280,062 - - - - | a n d structures \$ 999,690 | a n d equipment \$ 598,969 | \$ 34,762 16,592 (3,880) | \$ \$ | \$1,913,483 43,582 (121,949) (66,822) (742) \$1,767,552 \$620,437 (25,800) 96,355 (121,724) (12,724) (212) |

Since the Group sold the machinery and equipment for which an impairment loss had been recognized, the Group recognized an impairment loss reversal gain of 25,800 thousand in 2021.

The Group's property, plant, and equipment is solely for own use.

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis over the following useful lives:

| Buildings and structures | |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Plant and main structures | 20–50 years |
| Electrical, plumbing & air | |
| conditioning equipment | 3–10 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 5–10 years |
| Other facilities | 3–5 years |

The Group assessed the useful life of each significant component of property, plant, and equipment, and depreciated them individually.

Proceeds for acquisition of property, plant, and equipment include prepayments for equipment and equipment payables; Below is the reconciliation:

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Increase in property, plant and equipment | \$ 423,942 | \$ 43,582 | |
| Increase (decrease) in prepayments for equipment Decrease (increase) in equipment | (31,292) | 45,056 | |
| payables (presented under other payables) | 8,432 \$ 401,082 | $(\frac{18,613}{\$ 70,025})$ | |

13. <u>Lease agreement</u>

(I) Right-of-use assets

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Right-of-use assets, net | | | |
| Land | \$ 64,584 | \$ 66,831 | |
| Buildings and structures | 2,951 | 9,269 | |
| Other facilities | 901 | 2,940 | |
| | \$ 68,436 | \$ 79,040 | |
| | | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | |
| Increase in right-of-use assets | \$ 2,291 | \$ 1,166 | |
| Depreciation expenses - | | | |
| Right-of-use assets | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,942 | \$ 3,730 | |
| Buildings and structures | 7,208 | 7,075 | |
| Other facilities | 2,039 | 2,039 | |
| | <u>\$ 13,189</u> | <u>\$ 12,844</u> | |

(II) Lease liabilities

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Book value of lease liabilities | | |
| Current | <u>\$ 7,323</u> | <u>\$ 12,059</u> |
| Non-current | <u>\$ 63,594</u> | <u>\$ 68,984</u> |

The range of discount rates for lease liabilities is as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Land | 2.00%-3.00% | 2.00% |
| Buildings and structures | 0.78%-3.00% | 0.88% - 3.00% |
| Other facilities | 0.92% | 0.92% - 1.04% |

(III) Material lease activities and terms

The Group leased land from Chairman HUNG-LIANG HSIEH to construct buildings as offices under a lease contract that has a lease term of 5 years, will automatically renew upon expiration of a lease term, and gives the Group the option right to rent and buy the buildings. The Group may not sublease or consign the underlying assets of the lease, in whole or in part, unless otherwise agreed by the Lessor.

(IV) Other lease information

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| Short-term lease expense | <u>\$ 11,576</u> | <u>\$ 9,647</u> | |
| Total cash outflow from leases | \$ 25,828 | \$ 23,476 | |

For property, plant, and equipment leases which qualify as a short-term lease, the Group elected to apply the recognition exemption to them and thus did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for them.

14. Other assets

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Restricted assets | \$ 171,926 | \$ 81,243 |
| Long-term prepayments | 28,208 | 20,943 |
| Guarantee deposits paid | 4,659 | 6,095 |
| Other receivables | 7,835 | 3,886 |
| Others | 11,533 | 9,781 |
| | <u>\$ 224,161</u> | <u>\$ 121,948</u> |
| Current | \$ 189,441 | \$ 93,000 |
| Non-current | 34,720 | 28,948 |
| | <u>\$ 224,161</u> | <u>\$ 121,948</u> |

15. <u>Short-term borrowings</u>

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <u>Unsecured loans</u> Loans against letter of credits Credit loans | \$ 230,661 200,000 | \$ 44,642 200,000 |
| A 11 / / | \$ 430,661 | \$ 244,642 |
| Annual interest rate | 0.50% - 1.40% | 0.70% - 0.75% |

The terms pertaining to the credit limits of some of the Group's bank borrowings mentioned above stipulate financial restrictions, with which the Group fully complied.

16. Other accounts payable

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Salary and bonus payable | \$ 123,321 | \$ 132,970 |
| Remuneration payable to | | |
| employees and directors | 66,000 | 55,000 |
| Equipment payable | 16,056 | 24,488 |
| Others | 143,017 | 143,931 |
| | <u>\$ 348,934</u> | <u>\$ 356,389</u> |

17. <u>Post-employment benefit plan</u>

(I) Defined contribution plan

The retirement scheme under the "Labor Pension Act" to which the Company and all subsidiaries in the territory of the Republic of China apply are the defined contribution pension plan managed by the government. A pension equal to 6% of employee's monthly wage shall be contributed to the personal labor pension account with the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

Employees of subsidiaries in China are members of the retirement benefit plan managed by the Chinese local government. Such subsidiaries are required to fund the retirement benefit plan by contributing a certain percentage of salary cost to the plan. The Group's obligation under such a government-run retirement benefit plan is limited to contributing a certain monetary amount.

(II) Defined benefit plan

The pension system adopted by the Company according to the "Labor Standards Act" is the defined benefit pension plan managed by the government. The years of service rendered and the average wage of six months prior to the approved retirement date shall be the reference for calculation of the pension to be paid to the employee.

The Company appropriates 3% of the total monthly wage of an employee as the pension and remits the amount to the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee, which will deposit the amount in a dedicated account under its name with the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, if the assessed balance in the account is inadequate to make a full payment of pensions to the employees who may meet the retirement conditions in the next year, the Company will make up the difference in one appropriation before the end of March in the following year. The account is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor, so the Company does not have the right to influence the investment management strategies.

The amounts of the defined benefit plan included in the consolidated balance sheet are listed as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Present value of defined benefit | | | | |
| obligations | \$ 5,103 | \$ 5,333 | | |
| Fair value of plan assets | (<u>6,945</u>) | (<u>5,179</u>) | | |
| Net defined benefit liabilities | | | | |
| (assets) | (<u>\$ 1,842</u>) | <u>\$ 154</u> | | |

Changes in net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are as follows:

| | of b | ent value defined enefit igations | | value of an assets | t | t defined benefit lities(asset s) |
|------------------------------|---------|--|-----|--------------------|-----|--|
| Balance January 1, 2022 | \$ | 5,333 | (\$ | 5,179) | \$ | 154 |
| Financial cost | | | , | | | |
| Recognized in profit or loss | | | | | | |
| - interest expense | | | | | | |
| (income) | | 31 | (| 31) | | _ |
| Remeasurements | | | \ | | | |
| Return on plan assets | | | | | | |
| (excluding the amount | | | | | | |
| included in net interest) | | _ | (| 1,635) | (| 1,635) |
| Actuarial gain - change in | | | ` | , , | ` | , , |
| financial assumption | (| 141) | | _ | (| 141) |
| Actuarial loss - experience | | , | | | ` | , |
| adjustment | (| 120) | | _ | (| 120) |
| Recognized in other | \ | , | | | \ | |
| comprehensive income | (| 261) | (| 1,635) | (| 1,896) |
| Contribution by employer | \ | | (| 100) | (| 100) |
| Balance December 31, 2022 | \$ | 5,103 | (\$ | 6,945) | (\$ | 1,842) |
| , | - | _ | \= | / | \ | |
| Balance January 1, 2021 | \$ | 42,967 | (\$ | 28,537) | \$ | 14,430 |
| Previous service cost and | | <u> </u> | , | | | |
| settlement gains | (| 8,426) | | - | (| 8,426) |

| | Present value of defined benefit obligations | Fair value of plan assets | Net defined benefit liabilities(asset s) |
|---|---|---------------------------|---|
| Recognized in profit or loss | | | |
| - interest expense | 150 | (117) | ~ ~ |
| (income) | 170 | (115) | 55 |
| Remeasurements | (8,256) | (<u>115</u>) | (8371) |
| Return on plan assets (excluding the amount | | | |
| included in net interest) | - | (357) | (357) |
| Actuarial loss - change in | | | |
| financial assumption | (1,002) | - | (1,002) |
| Actuarial gain - change in | | | |
| demographic assumption | 140 | - | 140 |
| Actuarial gain - experience | | | |
| adjustment | <u>768</u> | <u>-</u> | 768 |
| Recognized in other | | | |
| comprehensive income | (94) | (357) | (451) |
| Contribution by employer | - | (928) | (928) |
| Settlement | (29,284) | 24,758 | (4,526) |
| Balance December 31, 2021 | \$ 5,333 | (\$ 5,179) | \$ 154 |

The Company is exposed to the following risks due to the pension system under the "Labor Standards Act":

- 1. Investment risk: The Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor separately has invested the labor pension fund in domestic (foreign) equity and debt securities, and bank deposits. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, the profit generated from the Group's plan assets shall be calculated with an interest rate not below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2. Interest rate risk: A decrease in the interest rates of government bonds leads to an increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the return on debt investment of the plan assets will be increased accordingly. The net defined benefit liabilities may be partially offset by both increases.
- 3. Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated with reference to the future salary of the plan participants. Therefore, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would be increased by an increase in the plan participants' salary.

The Company's present value of the defined benefit obligation was calculated actuarially by a qualified actuary. The major assumptions on the date of measurement are as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Discount rate | 1.15% | 0.60% |
| Rate of expected salary increase | 3.00% | 3.00% |

If there was any reasonably possible change to the major actuarial assumptions separately, the resulting increase (decrease) in the present value of the defined benefit obligation in the situation where all the other assumptions remained the same is as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Discount rate Increase by 0.25% Decrease by 0.25% | $(\frac{\$}{\$} \frac{62}{63})$ | $(\frac{\$}{\$} \frac{76}{78})$ |
| Rate of expected salary increase Increase by 0.25% Decrease by 0.25% | \$ 56 (\$ 55) | \$ 69 (\$ 68) |

Since the actuarial assumptions might be correlated to each other and it is unlikely that a single assumption changes alone, the aforesaid sensitivity analysis might not reflect the actual changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Expected contribution within | | |
| 1 year | <u>\$ 101</u> | <u>\$ 101</u> |
| Average maturity of defined | | |
| benefit obligations | 4 years | 5 years |

18. Equity

(I) Common shares

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Number of authorized shares | | |
| (thousand shares) | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Authorized capital | <u>\$ 1,000,000</u> | <u>\$1,000,000</u> |
| Number of issued shares fully | | |
| paid (thousand shares) | <u>81,139</u> | 81,139 |
| Issued capital | <u>\$ 811,390</u> | <u>\$ 811,390</u> |

A share of issued common stock had a par value of NTD 10 and was entitled to one voting right and dividends.

(II) Capital surplus

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Available for makeup of | | _ |
| loss, distribution of cash | | |
| dividends, or transfer into | | |
| <u>capital</u> | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | \$ 468,714 | \$ 468,714 |
| Consolidation excess | 29,831 | 29,831 |
| Treasury stock transactions | <u>25,617</u> | <u>25,617</u> |
| | 524,162 | 524,162 |
| 2. Only available for makeup | | |
| <u>of loss</u> | | |
| Changes in equity of | | |
| associates recognized | | |
| under equity method | 204,802 | 101,478 |
| | <u>\$ 728,964</u> | <u>\$ 625,640</u> |

- 1. These capital reserves may be used to make up losses, to distribute cash dividends, or to be transferred into the capital if the Company is not in the red. However, the amount of the transfer into the capital shall be limited to a certain percentage of the paid-in capital in every year.
- 2. Such capital reserves are either the effects of equity transactions recognized for changes in ownership interest in associates as a result of the Company's falling to subscribe to or dispose of associates' shares, or the adjustments of capital reserves of associates accounted for under the equity method.

(III) Retained earnings and dividend policy

According to the dividend policy prescribed in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, in the event of surplus earnings after closing of annual accounts, due taxes shall be paid in accordance with the law, and losses incurred in previous years shall be compensated for. Upon completion of the preceding actions, 10% of the remainder surplus shall be allocated as legal reserves. However, in the event that the accumulated legal reserves are equivalent to or exceed the Company's total paid-in capital, such allocation may be exempted. The remainder may be set aside as special reserves, or the previous recognized special reserves may be reversed, in accordance with laws and regulations. If there is remainder surplus, the Board of Directors shall

draft a surplus distribution proposal regarding the remainder of the surplus as well as accumulated undistributed surplus, shall decide whether to distribute the distributable dividends and bonus in cash or in shares, in whole or in part, by a supermajority resolution at a Board of Directors, and shall report its decision to the Shareholders' Meeting. However, dividend distribution in the form of new shares shall be subject to a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting.

For the distribution policy governing employee and director remuneration that is prescribed in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, please refer to Note 20(5).

(V) Remuneration to employees and directors

The Company's dividend policy considers the environment it is in and the growth stage it is at. To cope with future capital requirements and long-term financial planning while maintaining shareholder interests and a balanced dividend policy, shareholder dividends will be distributed in shares or in cash, as appropriate, based on future capital expenditure requirements and the extent of dilution effect on earnings per share. Of the shareholder dividends distributed, no less than 10% shall be in cash. The actual distribution percentage shall be determined by the Board of Directors by considering the Company's business planning, investment plan, capital planning, and the changes in internal and external environment.

Legal reserves may be used to make up for losses. Where the Company does not sustain loss, the part of the legal reserves that exceeds the total paid-in capital by no greater than 25% may be appropriated as capital or distributed in cash.

The Company provided or reversed special reserves by FSC's official letter titled Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No.1010012865, and by Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No.1090150022 on or after the distribution of earnings for 2021.

The earnings distribution proposals for 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Legal reserve | <u>\$ 42,027</u> | \$ 30,658 |
| Special reserves provided | <u>\$ 2,531</u> | (\$ 1,308) |
| (reversed) | | |
| Cash dividends | <u>\$ 200,820</u> | <u>\$ 148,606</u> |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 2.5 | \$ 1.85 |

Proposals on the said cash dividends had been approved for distribution through a resolution at the Board of Directors meetings in March 2022 and February 2021. Other earnings distribution items had been approved through a resolution at the Board of Directors meetings in June 2022 and July 2021.

The earnings distribution proposal for 2022 drafted at the Board of Directors meeting dated March 10, 2023 is as follows:

| | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Legal reserve | \$ 57,010 |
| Special reserve provision | <u>\$ 19,074</u> |
| Cash dividends | <u>\$ 289,181</u> |
| Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 3.60 |

The said cash dividends had been approved through a resolution at a Board of Directors meeting. Other distribution items are still pending a resolution at the Shareholders' Meeting to be held in June 2023.

(IV) Treasury stock

Through a resolution at the Board of Directors meeting in September 2018, the Company decided to buy back 811 thousand treasury shares to transfer them to employees. The buyback was completed in October 2018, with an average buyback price of 62.47 dollars. As of December 31, 2022, such shares had yet to be transferred to employees.

According to the Securities and Exchange Act, the treasury shares held by the Company may not be pledged; nor may they be entitled to dividend distribution or voting rights.

19. Revenue

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Goods sales revenue | | |
| Sale in the capacity of an agent | \$ 3,392,333 | \$ 2,615,945 |
| Manufacturing | 2,013,641 | 1,834,278 |
| | 5,405,974 | 4,450,223 |
| Services revenue | | |
| Commission | 100,006 | 162,196 |
| Maintenance | 80,701 | 52,401 |
| Others | 13,889 | 4,160 |
| | <u>194,596</u> | 218,757 |
| Other operating revenue | 49,416 | 14,807 |
| | \$ 5,649,986 | \$ 4,683,787 |

Contract balance

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | January 1, 2021 |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| otes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties) | | | |
| (Notes 8 and 26) | <u>\$ 859,698</u> | <u>\$ 1,060,385</u> | <u>\$ 774,527</u> |
| Contract liabilities | <u>\$ 7,718,760</u> | \$ 3,168,045 | \$ 674,235 |

Changes in contract liabilities mainly come from the difference between the points in time when the Company fulfills obligations and when customers make payments.

The amount that comes from the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year and the amount that comes from the revenue recognized in the year in which performance obligations were fulfilled are as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------|---|---|---|
| G | oods sales | \$1,377,075 | \$ 480,425 |
| | | | |
| 20. <u>N</u> | et profit | | |
| (I) | Other gains and losses | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Gain on disposal of investments Dividend income | \$ 6,710 800 | \$ 909 |
| | Gain (Loss) on disposal and retirement of property, plant, and equipment Service fee expense Others | $ \begin{array}{r} 90 \\ (4,036) \\ \underline{188} \\ \hline 3,752 \end{array} $ | $ \begin{array}{c} (& 103) \\ (& 2,537) \\ (& 1,744) \\ (& 3,475) \end{array} $ |
| (II) | Financial cost | | |
| | Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities | 2022 \$ 1,866 | 2021 \$ 1,532 1,581 \$ 3,113 |
| (III) | Depreciation and amortization | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Property, plant and equipment | \$ 100,414 | \$ 96,355 |
| | Right-of-use assets | 13,189 | 12,844 |
| | | <u>\$ 113,603</u> | \$ 109,199 |

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---|---|
| Summary of depreciation expenses by function Operating cost Operating expenses | \$ 30,800 <u>82,803</u> <u>\$ 113,603</u> | \$ 29,651 |
| Summary of amortization by function General and administrative expenses | <u>\$ 259</u> | <u>\$ 260</u> |
| (IV) Employee benefit expenses | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefit | \$ 935,829 | \$ 769,544 |
| Defined contribution plan Defined benefit plan | 38,897 38,897 \$ 974,726 | $ \begin{array}{r} 33,746 \\ (\underline{8,371}) \\ \underline{25,375} \\ \underline{\$794,919} \end{array} $ |
| Summary by function Operating cost Operating expenses | 2022 \$ 227,859 | 2021 \$ 200,112 594,807 \$ 794,919 |

(V) Remuneration to employees and directors

According to its Articles of Incorporations, the Company shall take the pre-tax profits inclusive of employee remuneration and director remuneration and allocate 5% - 15% of such profits as employee remuneration and another 2% or less as director remuneration. The Board of Directors meetings in March 2023 and 2022 resolved on the employee remuneration and director remuneration estimated for 2022 and 2021, respectively - shown as follows:

<u>Amount</u>

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Employee remuneration | \$ 58,000 | \$ 49,000 |
| Directors' remuneration | 8,000 | 6,000 |

Any amount that changes after the approval and publication date of the annual consolidated financial statements is accounted for as changes in accounting estimates, and will be adjusted and recognized in the following year.

The actually distributed amount of employee remuneration and director remuneration for 2021 tallied with the amount recognized in the consolidated financial statements for 2021.

The actually distributed amount of employee remuneration and director remuneration for 2020 does not agree with the amount recognized in the parent company only financial statements for 2020; the resulting differences are recognized in the profit of loss of 2021.

| | 2020 | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Employee | Directors' | | |
| | <u>remuneration</u> | remuneration | | |
| Amount actually distributed Amount recognized on the | <u>\$ 41,500</u> | \$ 4,873 | | |
| annual financial statements | <u>\$ 41,500</u> | <u>\$ 5,000</u> | | |

The information about remuneration to employees and directors determined by the Board of Directors may be viewed at TWSE's Market Observation Post System (MOPS).

21. <u>Income tax</u>

(I) Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expenses:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Current income tax | | |
| Tax incurred in the year Adjustments for the | \$ 193,890 | \$ 140,011 |
| previous year | $(\underline{21,567})$ $\underline{172,323}$ | (<u>20,405</u>) <u>119,606</u> |
| Deferred income tax | | |
| Tax incurred in the year Adjustments for the | (7,370) | (15,579) |
| previous year | $(\frac{2,350}{5,020})$ | $(\frac{13}{15,566})$ |
| Income tax expenses recognized in profit or loss | \$ 167,303 | <u>\$ 104,040</u> |

Reconciliation of accounting income and income tax expenses is as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Net profits before tax | <u>\$ 735,886</u> | <u>\$ 523,945</u> |

| | | | | 2 | 2022 | | | | 2021 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | Income tax expense d | | | | | | | | |
| | applying the pre-ta | - | | Φ.1 | 70 00 | 30 | | Φ. | 101 476 |
| | the statutory tax rat | | | \$ 1 | 72,93 | 38 | | \$. | 101,476 |
| | Expense and loss not from tax | deductible | | | 04 | 56 | | | 1,385 |
| | Tax exempt income | | | | | 92 | | | 8,843 |
| | Additional levy on un | distributed | | | 1. | , _ | | | 0,043 |
| | earnings | distributed | | | 8,74 | 45 | | | 6,431 |
| | Unrecognized deduct | ible | | | ٥,, | | | | 0, .01 |
| | temporary differen | | | | | | | | |
| | carryforwards | | | | 3,17 | 79 | | | 6,274 |
| | Adjustments for the p | revious | | | | | | | |
| | year | | | (| 19,2 | 17) | | (| 20,392) |
| | Others | | | | | <u>-</u> | | | 23 |
| | Income tax expenses | recognized | | | | | | | 101010 |
| | in profit or loss | | | <u>\$ 1</u> | 67,30 | <u>)3</u> | | <u>\$</u> | <u>104,040</u> |
| () | | | | | | | | | |
| (II) | Income tax benefits (ex | penses) reco | gnız | ed in oth | ner co | mprehen | sive in | icome | ; |
| | | | _ | | 2022 | | | | 2021 |
| | Deferred income tax | | | | | | | | |
| | Tax incurred in the year | | | | | | | | |
| | —Translation fro | om foreign | | | | | | _ | |
| | operations | | | (\$ | 6,82 | 23) | | \$ | 3,266 |
| | - Re-measurem | | | , | 2 | - 0. | | , | 00) |
| | defined benef | it plans | | (| | <u>79</u>) | | (| 90) |
| | | | | (<u>\$</u> | 7,20 | <u>JZ</u>) | | <u>\$</u> | 3,176 |
| (III) | Current income tax li | obilitios | | | | | | | |
| (111) | Current income tax in | abilities | | | | | | | |
| | C | 1 '1'4' | - | Decemb | er 31 | , 2022 | <u>D</u> | <u>ecem</u> l | per 31, 2021 |
| | Current income tax li | | | ¢ 1 | 77 2 | 2.4 | | c - | 120 /21 |
| | Income tax paya | bie | | <u>\$ 177,324</u> | | <u>\$ 138,421</u> | | | |
| | Deferred income tax | | . l. : 1 : 4 | : | | | | | |
| (IV) | Deferred income tax a | assets and m | aum | ies | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 2022 ognized in | | | |
| | | Balance - | _ | | | other | | | |
| | | beginning of period | | ognized in fit or loss | | orehensive ncome | Excha differe | _ | Balance - end of year |
| | Deferred income tax assets | • | | | | | | | |
| | Temporary differences Allowance for | | | | | | | | |
| | inventory | . 47.407 | | 0.544 | | | | | |
| | write-down Undistributed | \$ 45,697 | \$ | 9,644 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 55,341 |
| | earnings of | 15.050 | | 10.050 | , | c 100 \ | | | 20.575 |
| | subsidiaries Unrealized gains on | 15,952 | | 10,860 | (| 6,133) | | - | 20,679 |
| | transactions with | 0.00= | | 1.100 | | | | | 0.220 |
| | associates Provisions | 8,037 6,329 | | 1,193 183 | | - | | - | 9,230 6,512 |
| | | -, | | | | | | | -, |

| | | | 2022 | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------|
| | - | | Recognized in | | |
| | Balance - beginning of | Recognized in | other comprehensive | Exchange | Balance - end |
| | period | profit or loss | income | differences | of year |
| Unrealized exchange | | | | | |
| losses Allowance for | 3,959 | 4,304 | - | - | 8,263 |
| doubtful accounts | 2,875 | 1,284 | - | - | 4,159 |
| Others | 6,364 | (32) | (379) | 10 | 5,963 |
| I ass sometomicals | 89,213 3,101 | 27,436 (3,339) | (6,512) | 10 238 | 110,147 |
| Loss carryforwards | \$ 92,314 | (<u>3,339</u>) \$ 24,097 | $({\$} {6,512})$ | \$ 248 | \$ 110,147 |
| | | | · | ====================================== | |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | | | | |
| Temporary differences | | | | | |
| Undistributed | | | | | |
| earnings of subsidiaries | ¢ 56.410 | ¢ 10.077 | \$ 600 | ¢ | ¢ 76.195 |
| subsidiaries | <u>\$ 56,418</u> | <u>\$ 19,077</u> | <u>\$ 690</u> | <u>s -</u> | <u>\$ 76,185</u> |
| | | | | | |
| | | | 2021 | | |
| | D. I | D : 1 | Recognized | | |
| | Balance - beginning of | Recognized in profit or | in other comprehensiv | Exchange | Balance - end |
| | period | loss | e income | differences | of year |
| Deferred income tax | | | | | |
| assets | | | | | |
| Temporary differences | | | | | |
| Allowance for inventory | | | | | |
| write-down | \$ 33,710 | \$ 11,987 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 45,697 |
| Undistributed | ,,- | , ,,, | • | • | |
| earnings of | 6 705 | 6 926 | 2 221 | | 15 502 |
| subsidiaries Unrealized gains on | 6,785 | 6,836 | 2,331 | - | 15,592 |
| transactions with | | | | | |
| associates | - | 8,037 | - | - | 8,037 |
| Provisions | 5,106 | 1,223 | - | - | 6,329 |
| Unrealized exchange losses | 1,021 | 2,938 | _ | _ | 3,959 |
| Allowance for | 1,021 | 2,>50 | | | 2,222 |
| doubtful accounts | 8,955 | (6,080) | - | - | 2,875 |
| Impairment loss | 5,063 | (5,063) | - | - 1) | - |
| Others | 9,145 69,785 | (<u>2,690</u>) 17,188 | (<u>90</u>) 2,241 | $(_{1})$ | 6,364 |
| Loss carryforwards | 3,281 | (88) | 2,241 | (| 89,213 3,101 |
| Loss carry for wards | \$ 73,066 | \$ 17,100 | \$ 2,241 | $(\frac{52}{93})$ | \$ 92,314 |
| Deferred income tax | | | <u> </u> | \ <u> </u> | |
| liabilities | | | | | |
| Temporary differences Undistributed | | | | | |
| earnings of | | | | | |
| subsidiaries | \$ 55,819 | <u>\$ 1,534</u> | (<u>\$ 935</u>) | \$ - | <u>\$ 56,418</u> |

(V) Amount of deductible temporary difference and loss carryforwards of deferred income tax assets unrecognized in the consolidated balance sheet

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Loss carryforwards | | |
| Expire in 2022 | - | 25,449 |
| Expire in 2023 | 33,046 | 33,046 |
| Expire in 2024 | 74,222 | 74,222 |
| Expire in 2025 | 94,847 | 94,847 |
| Expire in 2026 | 49,417 | 49,417 |
| Expire in 2027 | 42,286 | 42,286 |
| Expire in 2028 | 30,687 | 30,687 |
| Expire in 2029 | 30,093 | 30,093 |
| Expire in 2030 | 24,190 | 24,190 |
| Expire in 2031 | 21,778 | 21,778 |
| Expire in 2032 | 33,450 | |
| | <u>\$ 434,016</u> | <u>\$ 426,015</u> |
| Deductible temporary | | |
| differences | <u>\$ 90,082</u> | <u>\$ 77,567</u> |

(VI) Information on unused loss carryforwards

The information on the loss carryforwards of the Group, up to December 31, 2022 is as follows:

| Unused balance | Expiration year |
|------------------|-----------------|
| \$ 33,046 | 2023 |
| 74,222 | 2024 |
| 94,847 | 2025 |
| 49,417 | 2026 |
| 42,286 | 2027 |
| 30,687 | 2028 |
| 30,093 | 2029 |
| 24,190 | 2030 |
| 21,778 | 2031 |
| 33,450 | 2032 |
| <u>\$434,016</u> | |

(VII) Authorization of income tax

The Company's and subsidiaries' profit-seeking business income tax filings have been approved by the tax authority through the year specified as follows:

| | Latest year of |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Company name | approval |
| The Company | 2020 |
| ACROMASS | 2020 |
| NATGEM | 2020 |
| SCIENTECH MATERIALS | 2020 |

22. <u>Earnings per share</u>

| | | Unit: NT\$ |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share | 2022 \$ 7.08 \$ 7.00 | 2021 \$ 5.23 \$ 5.19 |
| Net profit in the current year | | |
| Net profit of the Company | 2022 <u>\$ 568,583</u> | 2021 \$ 419,905 |
| Shares | | |
| | | Unit: Thousand shares |
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Weighted average number of common shares used for calculating basic earnings per | | |
| share | 80,328 | 80,328 |
| Effect of potential diluted common shares: Employee remuneration | 895 | 570 |
| Weighted average number of common shares used for calculating diluted earnings per | | |
| share | <u>81,223</u> | 80,898 |

Where the Group may elect to distribute employee remuneration in shares or in cash, when calculating the diluted EPS, the Group assumes that all employee remuneration is distributed in shares and counts the potentially dilutive common shares - when deemed dilutive - in the weighted average number of shares outstanding. The Group continues to consider the dilutive effect of such potentially delusive common shares when calculating the dilutive EPS before the number of share dividends is to be resolved on in the following year.

23. <u>Non-cash transactions</u>

In 2022 and 2021, the Group transferred property, plant, and equipment in the amount of 2,868 thousand and 79,420 thousand, respectively, to inventory costs, with an accumulated depreciation of 1,769 thousand and 12,724 thousand, respectively. In 2022 and 2021, the Group transferred 9,455 thousand and 12,598 thousand, respectively, from inventories to own-use property, plant, and equipment (refer to Note 12).

24. <u>Capital risk management</u>

The Group conducts capital management to ensure the Group can continue as a going concern while maximizing shareholders' return by optimizing the liability and equity balances.

The Group's capital structure is composed of its net debt and its equity.

The key management of the Group reviews its capital structure every year in terms of the cost and risks of each capital category. Based on the recommendation of the key management, the Group will balance its capital structure by paying dividends and issuing new debts or paying existing debts.

25. Financial instruments

(I) Fair value information – financial instruments not measured at fair value

Management of the Group thinks that financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value have a book value approximate to their fair value.

(II) Fair value information—financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1. Fair value hierarchy

<u>December 31, 2022</u>

| | Lev | el 1 | I | Level 2 | Lev | rel 3 | Total |
|--------------------------|-----|----------|----|---------|-------|-------|----------------------|
| Financial assets at fair | | | | | | | |
| value through other | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| Investment in equity | | | | | | | |
| instruments | | | | | | | |
| Shares of | | | | | | | |
| TWSE-listed | | | | | | | |
| companies | | | | | | | |
| through | | | | | | | |
| private | | | | | | | |
| placement | \$ | - | \$ | 89,205 | \$ | - | \$ 89,205 |
| Foreign shares | | | | | | | |
| not traded on | | | | | | | |
| an exchange | | | | | | | |
| or OTC | | | | _ | 49 | 9,357 | 49,357 |
| | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 89,205 | \$ 49 | 9,357 | \$ <u>138,562</u> |

<u>December 31, 2021</u>

| | Leve | <u>:11 </u> | Level 2 | Lev | el 3 | Total | |
|--------------------------|------|---|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Financial assets at fair | | | | | | | |
| value through other | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| Investment in equity | | | | | | | |
| instruments | | | | | | | |
| Shares of | | | | | | | |
| TWSE-listed | | | | | | | |
| companies | | | | | | | |
| through | | | | | | | |
| private | | | | | | | |
| placement | \$ | - | \$ 112,237 | \$ | - | \$ 112,237 | |
| Foreign shares | | | | | | | |
| not traded on | | | | | | | |
| an exchange | | | | | | | |
| or OTC | | | | 54 | 1 ,013 | 54,013 | |
| | \$ | | <u>\$ 112,237</u> | <u>\$ 54</u> | 1,013 | <u>\$ 166,250</u> | |

There was no transfer of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 in 2022.

2. Reconciliation of the financial instruments measured at Level 3 fair value $\frac{2022}{}$

| <u> </u> | |
|--|------------------------|
| | Financial assets at |
| | fair value through |
| | other |
| | comprehensive |
| | income |
| Financial assets | Equity instruments |
| Balance - beginning of period | \$ 54,013 |
| Purchase | 18,631 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | $(\underline{23,287})$ |
| Balance - end of year | \$ 49,357 |
| | |
| | |
| <u>2021</u> | |
| | Financial assets at |
| | fair value through |
| | other |
| | comprehensive |
| | income |
| Financial assets | Equity instruments |
| Balance - beginning of period | \$ - |
| Purchase | 59,726 |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | (5,713) |
| Balance - end of year | \$ 54,013 |
| Bulance ond of your | <u>Ψ 31,013</u> |

3. Level 2 fair value valuation techniques and inputs

If there is no quoted price for the common shares issued by domestic TWSE-listed companies through a private placement, such common shares are evaluated by using valuation techniques. The assumptions and estimates used by the Group for the valuation techniques are the same as the assumptions and estimates accessible to the Company that are used by market participants for quoting a price for financial products.

The valuation technique the Group used for measuring the fair value is the Black-Scholes pricing model.

4. Level 3 fair value valuation techniques and inputs

When valuing the foreign shares not traded on an exchange or OTC, the Group used the income approach by which the present value of benefits expected to be derived from such investment is calculated by discounting the cash flows. Significant unobservable inputs are as follows. When liquidity discount decreases, the fair value of such investment will increase.

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Liquidity discount | 32.24% | 32.28% |

If the following inputs are changed to reflect reasonably possible alternative assumptions while other inputs are held constant, the amount of the fair value of equity investment will increase (decrease) by:

| | fair value of equity investmen | t will increase (decrease) b | by: |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| | Liquidity discount Increase by 1% Decrease by 1% | (<u>\$ 728</u>) <u>\$ 728</u> | (<u>\$ 798</u>) <u>\$ 798</u> |
| (III) | Type of financial instruments | | |
| | | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| | Financial assets Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive | \$ 5,126,069 | \$ 3,304,982 |
| | income | 138,562 | 166,250 |
| | <u>Financial liabilities</u> Financial liabilities at amortized | | |
| | cost (Note 2) | 2,935,923 | 1,703,531 |

Note 1:The balance included financial assets measured at amortized cost such as cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable and accounts receivable (including those due from related parties), other receivables (presented under other current assets), restricted assets (presented under other current assets), other financial assets (presented under other current assets), and guarantee deposits paid (presented under other non-current assets).

Note 2:The balance included the financial liabilities measured at amortized cost such as short-term borrowings, notes payable and accounts payable, and other payables.

(III) Financial risk management purpose and policy

The Group's financial instruments mainly comprise equity investment, receivables, payables, borrowings, and lease liabilities. The financial management department of the Group provides services for each type of business and supervises and manages the financial risks incidental to the Group's operations by referencing the internal risk report in which risk exposure is analyzed based on the extent and extensiveness of risks. Such risks include market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk.

The financial management department provides a report to the key management quarterly to reduce risk exposure.

The Group did not adopt hedge accounting.

1. Market risk

(1) Exchange rate risk

Some subsidiaries of Group are engaged in sales and purchase denominated in foreign currency, thus exposing the Group to the exchange rate fluctuation risk.

For the book value of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency on the balance sheet date, refer to Note 29.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is affected primarily by fluctuation in the exchange rate of USD.

The sensitivity analysis includes only the foreign currency monetary items outstanding, which are translated at the end of year by using an exchange rate that could be adjusted by a maximum of 1%. When the functional currency appreciates/depreciates by 1% against the USD, the effects on the pre-tax net profit stated in the consolidated financial statements for 2022 and 2021 will be NT\$16,329 thousand and NT\$14,562 thousand, respectively.

The exchange rate fluctuation mainly affects the Group's bank deposits, as well as the payables and receivables denominated in USD that were still outstanding and were not hedged with a cash flow hedge on the balance sheet date.

(2) Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk facing the Group mainly comes from the Group's floating-rate bank deposits.

The book value of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group that were exposed to the interest rate risk on the balance sheet date is as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| With cash flow interest | | |
| rate risk | | |
| - Financial assets | \$ 3,638,016 | \$ 2,140,979 |
| - Financial liabilities | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| With fair value interest | | |
| rate risk | | |
| - Financial assets | 443,365 | 11,926 |
| - Financial liabilities | 230,661 | 44,642 |
| - Lease liabilities | 70,917 | 81,043 |

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest risk exposure of non-derivatives on the balance sheet date. Floating-rate liabilities are analyzed based on the assumption that the liability amount outstanding on the balance sheet date remains outstanding throughout the reporting period.

If interest rate increases/decreases by 1%, held other variables constant, the Group's pre-tax profit in the consolidated financial statements for 2022 and 2021 will change by NT\$34,380 thousand and NT\$19,410 thousand, respectively.

2. Credit risk

The credit risk means the risk of causing financial loss to the Group because the trading counterparty defaults on contractual obligations. As of the balance sheet date, the Group's maximum credit exposure to the financial loss caused by a trading counterparty's defaulting on his/her performance obligations mainly lies in the book value of the financial assets recognized on the consolidated balance sheet.

According to its policy, the Group only trades with reputational counterparties and requires provision of collateral where necessary to reduce the risk of financial loss due to default.

The Group exposes to the credit risk, which mainly comes from the customers who individually account for 10% or more of the Group's total accounts receivables. Refer to Note 8 for details.

3. Liquidity risk

The Group manages and maintains sufficient cash to support business operations and reduce the effect of the fluctuating cash flow. The management of the Group monitors the use of bank financing facilities and ensures compliance with the terms of the loan contract.

Bank loans are one of the Group's important sources of liquidity. For the bank financing facility that the Group has not used, refer to relevant descriptions in (2) below.

(1) Liquidity and interest rate risks of non-derivative financial liabilities

The maturity analysis of other non-derivative financial liabilities is compiled based on the agreed repayment date.

December 31, 2022

| | | 4 months - 1 | More than 1 |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| | 1–3 months | year | year |
| Non-derivative | | | |
| <u>financial</u> | | | |
| <u>liabilities</u> | | | |
| Non-interest bearing | | | |
| debt | \$ 2,716,006 | \$ 19,917 | \$ - |
| Instruments with a | | | |
| floating rate | 200,396 | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 2,790 | 5,856 | 73,936 |
| | \$ 2,919,192 | \$ 25,773 | <u>\$ 73,936</u> |

More information on the maturity analysis of lease liabilities:

| | Less than 1 | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | year | 2–5 years | 6–10 years | 11–15 years | 16-20 years |
| Lease | | | | | |
| liabilities | <u>\$ 8,646</u> | <u>\$ 19,596</u> | <u>\$ 22,800</u> | <u>\$ 22,800</u> | \$ 8,740 |

December 31, 2021

| | | 4 months - 1 | More than 1 |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | 1–3 months | year | year |
| Non-derivative | | | |
| <u>financial</u> | | | |
| <u>liabilities</u> | | | |
| Non-interest bearing | | | |
| debt | \$ 1,495,354 | \$ 8,177 | \$ - |
| Instruments with a | | | |
| floating rate | 200,341 | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 3,462 | 10,181 | 80,771 |
| | <u>\$ 1,699,157</u> | <u>\$ 18,358</u> | \$ 80,771 |

More information on the maturity analysis of lease liabilities:

| | Less than 1 | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------|-------------|------------------|
| | year | 2–5 years | 6–10 years | 11–15 years | 16–20 years |
| Lease | | | | | |
| liabilities | <u>\$ 13,643</u> | <u>\$ 21,871</u> | \$ 22,800 | \$ 22,800 | <u>\$ 13,300</u> |

(2) Credit limit of financing facilities

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|
| Unsecured bank loan limit (extendable upon | | |
| mutual agreement) | | |
| Employed capital | \$ 426,461 | \$ 246,872 |
| - Unemployed | | |
| capital | 853,539 | 1,233,128 |
| _ | \$1,280,000 | <u>\$1,480,000</u> |

26. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions between the Company and subsidiaries, account balances, profits, and expenses/losses are eliminated during consolidation and thus not disclosed in this note. In addition to those disclosed in other notes, transactions between the Group and other related parties are described as follows.

(I) Name and relationship of related party

| Name of related party | Relationship with the Company |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| HUNG-LIANG HSIEH | Chairperson |
| FORWARD SCIENCE CORPORATION | Associate |
| XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR | Associate |
| (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. (XTEK | |
| SEMICONDUCTOR) | |
| HONG LUN CULTURAL | Same key management |
| CREATIVITY FOUNDATION | . 0 |

(II) Operating revenue

| General ledger | Name and type of related | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| account | party | 2022 | 2021 |
| Goods sales | Associate | \$ 68,826 | \$ 303,493 |
| Other operating revenue | Associate | <u>\$ 22,824</u> | <u>\$ 810</u> |

The price and payment terms for a sale transaction between the Group and related parties are determined based on the terms mutually agreed upon.

(III) Purchase

| Name and type of related party | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Associate | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 2,780</u> |

The price and payment terms for a purchase transaction between the Group and related parties are determined based on the terms mutually agreed upon.

(IV) Contract liabilities

| Name and type of related party | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Associate | | |
| XTEK | | |
| SEMICONDUCTOR | <u>\$ 54,246</u> | <u>\$ 51,570</u> |

(V) Receivables

| General ledger | Name and type of related | December 31, | December 31, |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| account | party | 2022 | 2021 |
| Accounts | Associate | | |
| receivable - | XTEK | <u>\$ 5,152</u> | <u>\$ 55,711</u> |
| related parties | SEMICONDUCTOR | | |

No guarantee was requested for the outstanding receivables due from related parties. The balance of the allowance for receivables due from related parties as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$377 thousand and NT\$1,485 thousand, respectively. The allowance for receivables due from related parties that was provided (reversed) in 2022 and 2021 amounted to NT\$(1,108) thousand and NT\$1,485 thousand, respectively.

(VI) Payables

| General ledger | Name and type of related | December 31, | December 31, |
|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| account | party | 2022 | 2021 |
| Other payables | Associate | \$ 230 | \$ - |

The outstanding balance of the payables due to related parties was not secured against collateral.

(VII) Lease agreements

| General ledger account | Name and type of party | of related | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Lease liabilities | Chairperson | | \$ 65,509 | \$ 68,731 |
| | | | | |
| Name and type of a | elated party | 20 | 22 | 2021 |
| Interest expenses (pr | resented | | | |
| under financial co | ost) | | | |
| Chairperson | | <u>\$ 1</u> | ,338 | <u>\$ 1,401</u> |

The rent charged for lease contracts signed between the Group and related parties was negotiated upon by referencing the market price; the payment term was the same as a general payment term.

(VIII) Others

| | Name and type of related party_ | 2022 | 2021 |
|------|--|------------------|------------------|
| | Maintenance and repair | | |
| | (presented under operating | | |
| | <u>cost)</u> | | |
| | Associate | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,512</u> |
| | Rental income (presented under other income) | | |
| | Associate | <u>\$ 24</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| (IX) | Remuneration to key management | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Short-term employee benefits | \$ 75,486 | \$ 60,601 |
| | Post-employment benefit | 933 | 1,322 |
| | | <u>\$ 76,419</u> | <u>\$ 61,923</u> |

The remuneration to directors and other key management was decided by the Remuneration Committee according to personal performance and market trends.

27. Pledged and Mortgaged Assets

The following assets were provided to the Custom Office as collateral against the bonded goods and the payments and performance obligation of manufacturers.

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Pledged certificates of deposits | | |
| (presented under other current | | |
| assets) | <u>\$ 171,926</u> | <u>\$ 81,243</u> |

28. Significant Commitments

The Group's letter of credits issued but not used that were intended for purchase of goods and machinery and equipment, and for performance guarantee were NT\$169,725 thousand and NT\$79,789 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

29. <u>Information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant effects</u>

The following information is summarized and stated based on the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Group's parent company only entities. The disclosed exchange rate represents the exchange rate of such foreign currency against the functional currency. Foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant effects are as follows:

December 31, 2022

| | Foreign | | |
|---|-----------|------------------|--------------|
| | currency | Exchange rate | Book value |
| Foreign currency | | | |
| assets | | | |
| Monetary items | | | |
| USD | \$ 58,744 | 30.71 (USD:TWD) | \$ 1,804,032 |
| USD | 35,286 | 6.967 (USD:CNY) | 1,083,642 |
| USD | 22,182 | 7.798 (USD: HKD) | 681,200 |
| EUR | 11,278 | 32.72 (EUR:TWD) | 369,011 |
| EUR | 1,869 | 7.423 (EUR:CNY) | 61,167 |
| JPY | 103,157 | 0.232 (JPY:TWD) | 24,057 |
| Non-monetary items Associates accounted for using equity method CNY | 113,893 | 4.408 (CNY:TWD) | 502,039 |
| Foreign currency liabilities Monetary items | | | |
| USD | 52,090 | 30.71 (USD:TWD) | 1,599,684 |
| USD | 9,233 | 6.967 (USD:CNY) | 283,543 |
| JPY | 258,135 | 0.232 (JPY:TWD) | 59,991 |
| USD | 1,722 | 7.798 (USD:HKD) | 52,885 |
| EUR | 723 | 8.309 (EUR:HKD) | 23,658 |
| EUR | 698 | 32.72 (EUR:TWD) | 22,845 |

December 31, 2021

| | Foreign | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------|--------------|----|-----------|
| | currency | Ε | xchange rate | B | ook value |
| Foreign currency | | | | | |
| assets | | | | | |
| Monetary items | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 46,087 | 27.68 | (USD:TWD) | \$ | 1,275,694 |
| USD | 21,980 | 6.372 | (USD:CNY) | | 608,404 |
| USD | 12,951 | 7.799 | (USD: HKD) | | 358,484 |
| EUR | 7,231 | 31.32 | (EUR:TWD) | | 226,476 |
| JPY | 68,391 | 0.241 | (JPY:TWD) | | 16,448 |
| JPY | 52,810 | 0.055 | (JPY:CNY) | | 12,701 |
| JPY | 44,542 | 0.068 | (JPY: HKD) | | 10,712 |
| Non-monetary items Associates accounted for using equity method CNY | 104,224 | 4.344 | (CNY:TWD) | | 452,747 |
| Foreign currency liabilities Monetary items | | | | | |
| USD | 20,246 | 27.68 | (USD:TWD) | | 560,397 |
| USD | 7,594 | 6,372 | (USD:CNY) | | 210,206 |
| USD | 1,835 | 31.32 | (EUR:TWD) | | 57,466 |
| JPY | 98,227 | 0.241 | (JPY:TWD) | | 23,624 |
| EUR | 571 | 7.799 | (USD:HKD) | | 15,814 |
| | | | | | |

The realized and unrealized foreign currency exchange gains (losses) of the Group in 2022 and 2021 were NT\$77,879 thousand and NT\$(42,833) thousand, respectively. However, it was not feasible to disclose the exchange loss and gain of each significant foreign currency because the number of foreign currencies involved in foreign currency transactions as well as the number of functional currencies of entities within the Group varied.

30. <u>Supplementary Disclosures</u>

Except those disclosed in Appendix Table 1 through 9, there were no required disclosures.

31. <u>Segment Information</u>

Information provided for the operating decision makers to allocate resources and evaluate segment performance focuses on the type of products or services delivered or provided. The reportable segments of the Group are as follows:

(I) Segment revenue and operating outcome

The revenue and operation outcome of the Group are analyzed by reportable segment as follows:

| | | Segment | reve | nue | | Segment pr | ofit o | r loss |
|-----------------------------|----|-----------|------|-----------|----|------------|--------|----------|
| | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2021 |
| Sale in the capacity of an | | | | | | _ | | |
| agent | \$ | 3,786,913 | \$ | 2,942,368 | \$ | 443,388 | \$ | 360,647 |
| Manufacturing | | 2,078,843 | | 1,855,724 | | 429,994 | | 322,542 |
| Reportable segments - | | | | | | | | |
| total | | 5,865,756 | | 4,798,092 | | 873,382 | | 683,189 |
| Headquarters | | | | | | | | |
| Administrative costs and | | | | | | | | |
| non-operating income | | | | | | | | |
| and expenses | | <u> </u> | | | (| 137,496) | (| 159,244) |
| Subtotal | | 5,865,756 | | 4,798,092 | | | | |
| Inter-segment sales revenue | (| 215,770) | (| 114,305) | | | | |
| Net sales revenue | \$ | 5,649,986 | \$ | 4,683,787 | | | | |
| Net profits before tax | | | | | \$ | 735,886 | \$ | 523,945 |

Segment profits mean the profits earned by each segment, excluding the following items that should be allocated among them: administrative cost of the headquarters, director remuneration, non-operating income and expenses, and income tax expenses. Such measurements serve as a basis for main operational decision makers to allocate resources to segments and evaluate their performance.

(II) Segment assets and liabilities

The Group disclosed the measurements of total assets and liabilities of reportable segments as a whole instead of individually because the measurements of assets and liabilities had yet to be provided to the operational decision makers.

(III) Geographic information

The Group mainly operates in the two regions: Taiwan and China.

(IV) Information on major customers

Of the operating revenue in 2022 and 2021, NT\$967,799 thousand and NT\$745,710 thousand, respectively, came from customers who individually account for 10% or more of the Group's consolidated revenue; except for such customers, there were no other customers who individually account for 10% or more of the Group's consolidated revenue.

Loans to others

2022

Unit: NT\$ thousand unless otherwise specified

Appendix Table 1

| No. | Lending company | Borrowing company | Financial account | | Highest amount in the year (Note 3) | Balance - end of year (Note 3) | Drawdown (Note 3) | Interest rate range (%) | Nature of loaning of funds | Business transaction amount | Reasons for the need of short-term financing | Appropriated allowance for bad debt | Colla Name | teral Value | | Limit of total loaning of funds (Notes 2 and 3) |
|-----|---|---|---|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 0 | The Company | SCIENTECH MATERIALS CORPORATION | Other receivables — Related | Yes | \$ 7,000 | \$ - | \$ - | 1.7 | Short-term financing | \$ | - Working capital | \$ - | _ | \$ - | \$ 358,249 | \$ 1,432,994 |
| | | NATGEM INC. | party Other receivables - Related | Yes | 2,000 | 2,000 | - | 1.2 | Short-term financing | | - Working capital | - | _ | - | 358,249 | 1,432,994 |
| | | ACROMASS TECHNOLOGIES,I NC. | party Other receivables - Related | Yes | 15,000 | 8,000 | - | 1.2 | Short-term financing | | - Working capital | - | _ | - | 358,249 | 1,432,994 |
| 1 | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING (HONG KONG) | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING CORP.(SHANGHAI) | party Other receivables - Related | Yes | 24,568 (US\$800 thousand) | 24,568 (US\$800 thousand) | - | 1.7 | Short-term financing | | - Working capital | - | _ | - | 24,568 (US\$800 thousand) | |
| | LIMITED | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING USA CORP. | party Other receivables - Related | Yes | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | 6,142 (US\$200 thousand) | 1.2 | Short-term financing | | - Working capital | - | _ | - | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | 241,934 (HKD61,436 thousand) |
| | | SCIENTECH GMBH | party Other receivables - Related party | Yes | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | - | 1.2 | Short-term financing | | - Working capital | - | - | - | 30,710 (US\$1,000 thousand) | 241,934 (HKD61,436 thousand) |

Note 1: The limit of loans to a single borrower is as follows:

- 1. The limit of loaning of funds to a single party with business relationship with Company should not exceed the total transactions amount between it and the Company. The said "Transaction amount" means the higher of purchase or sales therebetween.
- 2. Limit of loaning of funds to a company in need of short-term financing should not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth.
- 3. Limit of loaning of funds to a foreign operation whose voting shares are fully held by the Company, either directly or indirectly, should exceed neither the amount approved by the Board of Directors nor the amount equal to 80% of the lending company's net worth.

Note 2: The limit of total funds loaned to others is as follows:

- 1. Should not exceed 40% of the Company's net worth.
- 2. The limit of total funds loaned by a foreign operation of which all the voting shares are directly or indirectly held by the Company should not exceed 80% of the foreign operation's net worth.
- Note 3: Converted at the exchange rate of US\$1 against NT\$30.71 and HKD\$1 against NT\$3.938 on December 31, 2022.
- Note 4: The said transactions had been eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Making endorsements/guarantees for others

2022

Appendix Table 2

Unit: NT\$ thousand unless otherwise specified

| | | Party being endorse | d/guaranteed | | | | | | Ratio of | Limit of | Guarantee | Guarantee | Guarantee |
|-----|--|------------------------------------|--------------|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| No. | Endorser/ guarantor | Company name | Relationship | Limit on endorsement/ guarantees provided for a single party (Notes 1 and 2) | Maximum balance for the period (Note 2) | Ending balance (Note 2) | Drawdown (Note 2) | collateralized by | accumulated endorsement/ guarantee to net equity per latest financial statement (%) | endorsement/ guarantees collateralized by | by parent company | by subsidiary to a | to entities in Mainland China |
| 0 | The Company | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING | Subsidiary | \$ 1,791,243 | \$ 30,710 (US\$1,000 | \$ 30,710 (US\$1,000 | - | - | 0.9% | \$ 3,582,486 | Y | N | N |
| | | (HONG KONG) LIMITED | | | thousand) | thousand) | | | | | | | |
| 1 5 | SCIENTECH | SCIENTECH | Parent | 151,209 | 3,071 | 3,071 | 3,071 | 3,071 | 1.0% | 302,418 | N | Y | Y |
| | ENGINEER ING (HONG KONG) LIMITED | ENGINEERING CORP.(SHANGH AI) | company | (HKD38,397 thousand) | (US\$100 thousand) | (US\$100 thousand) | (US\$100 thousand) | (US\$100 thousand) | | (HKD76,795 thousand) | | | |

Note 1: The limit of endorsement and guarantee made by the Company or subsidiaries to a single entity should not exceed 50% of the entity's net worth.

Note 2: Converted at the exchange rate of US\$1 against NT\$30.71 and HKD\$1 against NT\$3.938 on December 31, 2021.

Note 3: Should not exceed 100% of the Company's or a subsidiary's net worth stated on the financial statements.

Marketable Securities Held at the End of Period

December 31, 2022

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Appendix Table 3

| | | | | | Enc | d of year | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|-----------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|
| Investor | Type and name of marketable securities | Relationship with the securities issuer | General ledger account | Shares | Book value | Shareholding Percentage (%) | Fair value | Remarks |
| SCIENTECH CORPORATION | Shares | | | | | | | |
| | HITEKCORPS CO., LTD. | _ | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 225,000 | \$ - | 3.19 | \$ - | _ |
| | AUENTER TECHNOLOGY CORP. | _ | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 600,000 | - | 13 | - | _ |
| | AMCHAEL-GRAPHICS CORP. | _ | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 700,000 | - | 33 | - | _ |
| | PROMOS TECHNOLOGIES INC. | _ | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 4,662 | - | - | - | _ |
| | INFINITESIMA LIMITED | _ | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | , , | 49,357 | 9.30 | 49,357 | _ |
| | SPIROX CORP. | _ | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current | , , | 89,205 | 3.40 | 89,205 | _ |
| SCIENTECH INVESTMENT | Shares | | | | | | | |
| CORP. | SIGLAZ | _ | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 1,100,000 | - | 15.80 | - | _ |
| | | | | | | | | |

Note: For information on investment in subsidiaries and associates, refer to Appendix Tables 7 and 8.

Acquisition of real property reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

2022

Appendix Table 4
Unit: NT\$1,000

| Real property | Property name | Fact occurrence Transaction Proceeds Counter-party Relationship | | | on on the previou the counter-party | | | - Pricing reference | Acquisition | Other | | | |
|---------------|---------------|---|------------|-------------------|--|---------------|-------|---------------------|-------------|--------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| buyer | Froperty name | date | amount | payment progress | Counter-party | Relationship | Owner | Relationship | Transfer | Amount | Fricing reference | purpose and state of use | covenants |
| | | uate | | | | | Owner | with the issuer | date | Amount | | state of use | |
| SCIENTECH | Land an | d 2022/1/7 | \$ 313,255 | Progressing in | ThAI CHENG | Non - related | | _ | _ | \$ - | HONG BANG | For use as a | None |
| CORPORATI | structures | | | line with | TANNERY | party | | | | | REAL | factory to | |
| ON | | | | contractual terms | CO., LTD. | | | | | | ESTATE | satisfy | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | APPRAISER | operating | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | needs | |

Note: The Company's Board of Directors meeting dated January 7, 2022 resolved to purchase the factory and the land in Anding District of Tainan City; earnest money was paid upon execution of the contract on January 11, 2022, and the rest of the payment was fully made in March 2022, in which ownership was also transferred.

Purchase or sale of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more 2022

Appendix Table 5

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | Transaction counterparty | Relationship | Transaction details | | | | Occurrence of transaction terms other than those for an arms-length transaction and reasons therefor | | | Notes/Accounts receivable (payable) | | | |
|---|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------|---|---------------|--|-------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|---------|
| Purchase from (sale to) | | | Purchase (sales) | Amount | Ratio to total purchase (sales) (%) (Note) | Credit period | Unit | price | Credit period | В | alance | Ratio to total notes and accounts receivable (payable) (%) | Remarks |
| SCIENTECH | SCIENTECH | Subsidiary | Purchase | \$ 167,145 | 4.1 | Net30 | \$ | - | _ | (\$ | 3,858) | (0.2) | |
| CORPORATION SCIENTECH ENGINEERING USA CORP. | ENGINEERING USA CORP. SCIENTECH CORPORATIO N | Parent company | Sales | (\$ 167,145) | (86.9) | Net30 | \$ | - | _ | \$ | 3,858 | 67.1 | |

Note 1: Refers to the ratio to total purchase (sales), or to total receivables or payables, of an individual company.

Note 2: The said transactions had been eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Business Relationship and Major Transactions between the Parent Company and Its Subsidiaries and among Subsidiaries and the Amounts thereof 2022

Appendix Table 6
Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | | Transaction details | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. Company name | | Counterparty | Relationship with the company | General ledger account | Amount | Transaction terms | Ratio to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (%) | | |
| 0 | SCIENTECH CORPORATION | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING USA CORP. | 1 | Sales cost | \$ 167,145 | Same as that of an arms-length transaction | 2.96 | | |

Note 1: The said transactions had been eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

1. Parent company to subsidiary.

Note 3: This table presents only the significant transactions whose value accounts for 1% or more of the total consolidated revenue or total assets.

Name and Territory of Investees and Other Relevant Information

2022

Appendix Table 7

Unit: NT\$ thousand unless otherwise specified

| | | Region | | Original inves | Shares | Shares held at the period-end | | | Investment gains of | |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Name of investor | Investee | | Main business line | December 31, 2022 | January 1, 2022 | Shares | Percentag e | Book value | investee in the period | losses recognized in the period Remarks |
| SCIENTECH CORPORATION | SCIENTECH INVESTMENT CORP. | Mauritius | Investment | \$ 171,775 | \$ 171,775 | 5,540,000 | 100 | \$ 536,864 | \$ 86,774 | \$ 86,774 (Note 4) |
| | ACROMASS TECHNOLOGIES,INC. | Taipei City | General instrument and precision instrument manufacturing | 270,000 | 270,000 | 27,000,000 | 100 | 3,277 | 1,792) | (1,792) (Note 4) |
| | SCIENTECH MATERIALS CORPORATION | Taipei City | Manufacturing and sale of energy-efficient products | 205,000 | 205,000 | 1,400,000 | 100 | 3,167 | 1 | 1 (Notes 1, 2, and 4) |
| | NATGEM INC. | Taipei City | Sale of food and supplies | 33,000 | 33,000 | 800,000 | 100 | 583 | 210) | |
| | SCIENTECH GMBH TRANSCEND CAPITAL CORP. | Austria British Virgin Islands | International trade Investment | 1,163 416,829 | 1,163 416,829 | 14,275,006 | 100 100 | 10,259 457,959 (| 9,840 55,528) | 9,840 (Note 4) (55,528) (Note 4) |
| | FORWARD SCIENCE CORPORATION | | Maintenance service | 19,600 | 20,000 | 1,960,000 | 6 | 28,561 | 52,350) | (2,813) (Note 2) |
| | RENORIGIN INNOVATION INSTITUTE CO., LTD. | | Sale of biotech products | 14,030 | 14,030 | 1,121,000 | 20 | 8,209 | 8,100) | (1,761) (Note 2) |
| | FORWARD SCIENCE PTE. LTD. | Singapore | Trading and maintenance of semiconductor equipment and peripherals | 11,944 | 11,944 | 500,000 | 21 | - | - | - (Note 2) |
| SCIENTECH INVESTMENT | SIMPLE INVESTMENT CORP. | Mauritius | | 150,663 (US\$4,906 thousand) | 150,663 (US\$4,906 thousand) | 4,905,500 | 100 | 505,380 (US\$16,457 thousand) | 78,881 US\$2,647 thousand) | 78,881 (Note 3 and 4) |
| CORP. | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING USA CORP. | California , US | Trading of semiconductor equipment and peripherals | 9,213 (US\$300 thousand) | 9,213 (US\$300 thousand) | 300,000 | 100 | 28,926 (US\$942 thousand (| 7,901 US\$265 thousand) | 7,901 (Note 3 and 4) |
| SCIENTECH ENGINEERING CORP.(SHANGHAI) | SCIENTECH ENGINEERING (HONG KONG) LIMITED | Hong Kong | International trade | 5,968 (CNY\$1,354 thousand) | 5,968 (CNY\$1,354 thousand) | - | 100 | 302,418 (CNY\$68,608 (thousand) t | 37,928 CNY\$8,577 housand) | 37,928 (CNY\$8,577 thousand) (Note 3 and 4) |

Note 1: SCIENTECH MATERIALS was dissolved through a resolution reached at the Board of Directors meeting dated August 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the liquidation process was not yet completed.

Note 2: It was calculated based on financial statements in the same period that were not audited by CPAs.

Note 3:The amount was converted using the exchange rate of US\$1 = \$30.71 and RMB\$1 = \$4.408 on December 31, 2022. Investment gains or losses were converted using the average exchange rate of US\$1=29.805 and RMB\$1=4.422 during January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022.

Note 4: It is a subsidiary. The said transactions between it and the Company had been eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Information on Investments in Mainland China

2022

Unit: NT\$ thousand unless otherwise specified

Appendix Table 8

Accumulated Amount of investments remitted or Accumulated The recovered in current year amount of Company's Investment gains Profit received amount of Profit or loss of Investment book investments from Paid-in Capital Investee in Mainland investments from investee in the shareholding of losses value at the end from investments Main business line Method of investment Taiwan at the of the year China (Note 1) Taiwan at the end period of direct or recognized in the as of the end of beginning of Remitted Recovered of current year (Note 2) indirect year (Note 2) current year current year (Note 1) investment (%) (Note 1) SCIENTECH Trading and 149,558 Invested in a China 149,558 \$ 149,558 78,893 100 \$ 78,893 505,948 \$ **ENGINEERING** US\$4,870 maintenance of investee through US\$4,870 US\$4,870 (Notes 6) (Notes 6) (Notes 6) CORP. semiconductor thousand another investee in a thousand thousand (SHANGHAI) equipment and third region (Note 3) peripherals KTEK Trading of 2,545,431 Invested in a China 438,182 438,182 318,577) 17.21 61,100) 457,968 **SEMICONDUCT** semiconductor US\$82,886 investee through US\$14,268 US\$14,268 OR another investee in a thousand equipment and thousand thousand (HUANGSHI) peripherals third region (Note 4) CO., LTD.

| Accumulated amount of investments from Taiwan to Mainland China at the end of current period (Note 1) | Invoctment emount enproved by the Investment | Limit on the amount of investments in Mainland China specified by the Investment Commission, MOEA |
|---|--|---|
| \$587,740(US\$19,138 thousand) | \$587,740(US\$19,138 thousand) | \$2,149,492 |

- Note 1: Converted at the exchange rate of US\$1 against NT\$30.71 on December 31, 2022.
- Note 2: It was calculated based on financial statements in the same period that were audited by CPAs.
- Note 3: Investment in SCIENTECH ENGINEERING CORP. (SHANGHAI) via SIMPLE INVESTMENT CORP.
- Note 4: Investment in XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. via TRANSCEND CAPITAL CORP.
- Note 5: The balance of unrealized gains as of December 31, 2022 in the amount of NT\$46,152 thousand was arising from sale of machinery and equipment and provision of services to XTEK SEMICONDUCTOR (HUANGSHI) CO., LTD. Realized gross profit during January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022 was NT\$3,590 thousand.
- Note 6: The said transactions had been eliminated during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

SCIENTECH CORPORATION

Information on Major Shareholders December 31, 2022

Appendix Table 9

| | Shares | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Name of major shareholder | Number of shares | Ovvenanskin | | | |
| | held (shares) | Ownership | | | |
| HUNG-LIANG HSIEH | 7,943,455 | 9.79% | | | |
| FEN-CHING HSIEH-CHIU | 6,095,072 | 7.51% | | | |
| FULLWAY INVESTMENT CORPORATION | 5,600,292 | 6.90% | | | |
| PARADIGM INVESTMENT CORP. | 4,892,721 | 6.03% | | | |

Note: The information on major shareholders are acquired from the data of the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation with respect to the shareholders holding aggregately 5% or more of the common and preferred stocks of the Company that have been registered and delivered in dematerialized form on the last business day at the end of the current quarter. The share capital stated in the consolidated financial statements of the Company may be different from the number of shares that have been actually registered and delivered in dematerialized form due to different bases of compilation and calculation.